# GENERAL PERMIT REQUEST FOR COVERAGE Hydrostatic Test Water or Water Supply System Water WPDES Permit No. WI-0057681-4

State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

Rev. 1/8/13

For Department Use Only Stamp Date Rec'd

FID #:			

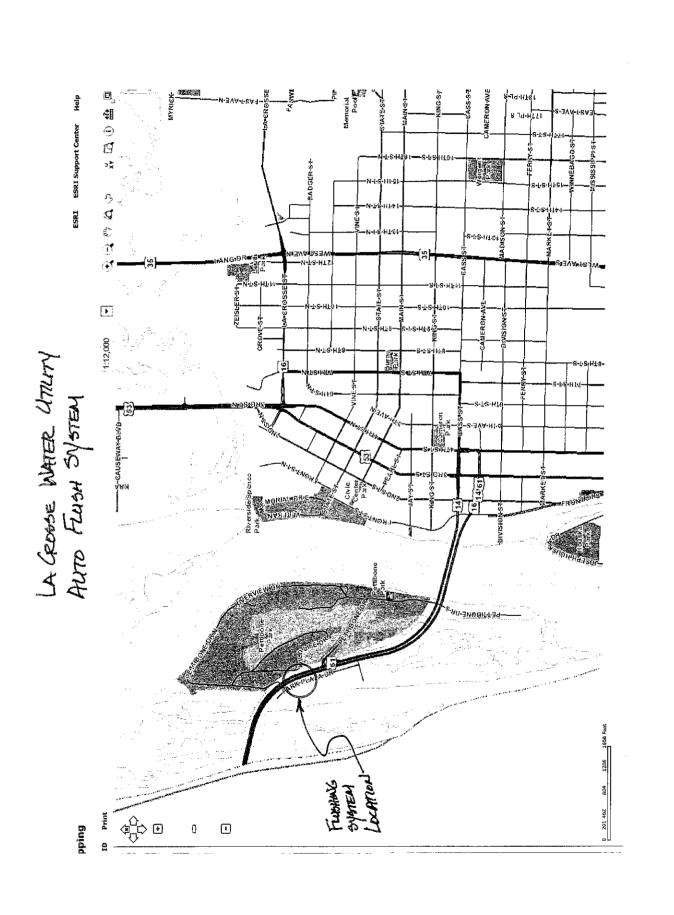
SECTION I: FACILITY LOCATION INFORMATION	VI	
Facility Name LA CROSSE WATER CHILLTY PUTTO FLUSH SYSTEM	Contact JOHNSON	Title UTILITIES MANAGER
Facility Address - Street PARK RAZA DEWE	Phone # 608-781-7536	603.789-7592
City, State, Zip Code LA CROSSE, WI 54601	County LA GROSSE	Internet Address Schnool & Style Cacrosse. org
Site Map: Attach a site map, such as a USGS topographic map, show discharges, and/or receiving water for surface water discharges.		

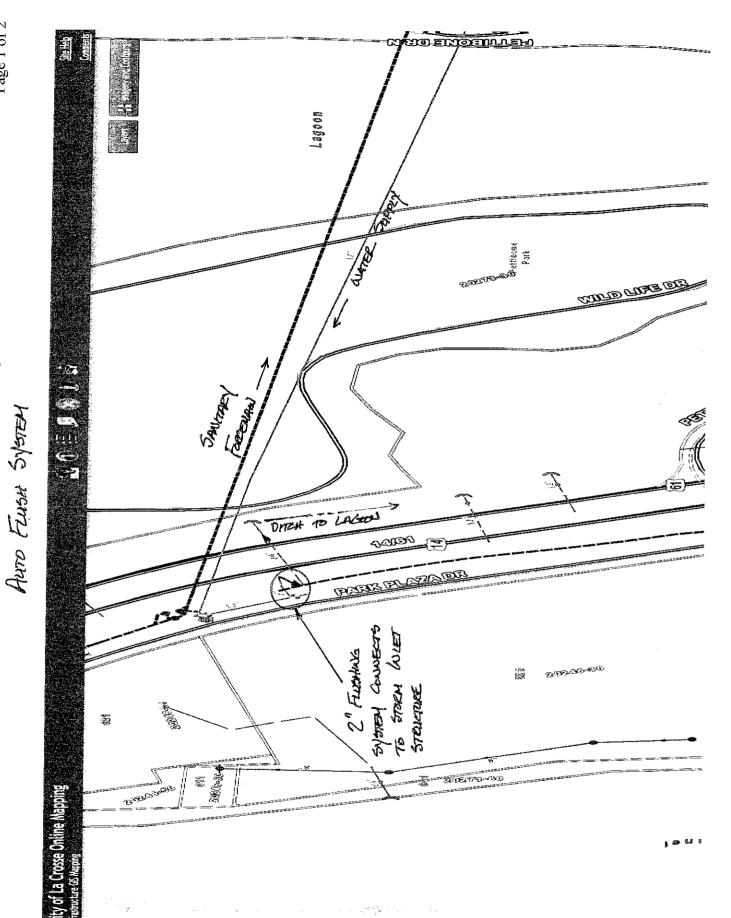
SECTION II: MAILING ADDRESS INFORMATION	N (Parent Company/Owner - if different from ab	10ve)
Parent Company/Owner LA CROSSE WARER CITILITY	Company Contagt  MARK Jackingson	Phone # 603.789-7536
Mailing Address - P.O. Box, Street, or Route 460 LA CROSSE 57.	Lither HAWAGER.	
City, State, Zip Code LA CROSSE, WI 54601	608-789-7592 yohn	Internet Address music Cuty of lacuses.org

Complete SECTION III only for those outfalls that are identified as surface or groundwater discharges in SECTION IV, question 1, of the ELIGIBILITY CHECKLIST.

SECTION III: DISCHARO	SECTION III: DISCHARGE CHARACTERIZATION					
Type of Wastewater (check all that apply):	Outfall # (#1, #2, etc.)	Average Daily Flow (gallons of water discharged per day)	Type of Wastewater (check all that apply):	Outfall # (#1, #2, etc.)	Average Daily Flow (gallons of water discharged per day)	
☐ Hydrostatic Test Water	#		☐ Well Disinfection	#		
	#			#		
	#			#		
Water Supply Flushing	# /	= 1500(gal/da.	☐ Distribution Pipe Disinfection	#		
	#			#		
	#			#		
☐ Water Tower Cleaning	#		☐ Other (describe type)	#		
	#			#		
	#			#		
☐ Well Testing	# .		☐ Other (describe type)	#		
	#			#		
	#			#		

(Continued on next page)





SECTION IV: ELIGIBILITY CHECKLIST	
1. What is the receiving water for your discharge, <u>not</u> including discharges of domestic wastes? If your facility has more than one outfall (an outfall is an individual discharge point, like a pipe, channel, or seepage pond, that wastewater enters prior to discharging to a receiving water), indicate in the space provided which outfalls go to groundwater and which go to surface waters. (check all that apply)	For Department Use Only:  □ Eligible □ Ineligible
Groundwater (this includes infiltration of wastewater through the soil via irrigation, septic systems and associated drain fields, ditches, absorption ponds, etc.).	□ERW
Outfall #(s):	□ ORW
Surface Water (this includes creeks, streams, rivers, and lakes and any ditches, stormsewers, and pipes that convey wastewater to a creek, stream, river, and lake).  Outfall #(s):	
What is the name of the surface water your discharge enters?  PETTIBLE LAGON	
How far is it from the point where it leaves your plant until it reaches the surface water (how far does it travel through storm sewers or drainage ditches)? (Check one):	
Less than 1000 feet  Between 1000 and 5000 feet	
☐ Greater than 5000 feet	
□ Sanitary Sewer (discharge to a Publically Owned Treatment Works). A septic system is not considered a sanitary sewer. If <u>all</u> discharges from your facility go to a sanitary sewer, you do not require regulation under a WPDES discharge permit. Therefore, skip the rest of the checklist and sign page 3. We will remove you from our tracking system. If at some point in the future operations at your facility result in a discharge, you will need to inform the Department.  For facilities with discharges to groundwater or surface waters, continue on to question #2.	
2. Are any process wastewaters (wastewaters that come in contact with or the result of production opera water or softener regeneration water), other than those wastewaters (or similar wastewaters) listed on facility to surface waters or groundwater that are not covered under a separate WPDES permit?	utions at a facility such as contact cooling page 1, Section III, discharged from your
☐ Yes  Your discharge is <u>not</u> eligible for this General Permit. Skip the rest of the checklist on page 3. Contact the Department to obtain an application for an individual WPDI If process wastewater discharges are covered under a separate WPDES permit, list twPDES Permit No.WI-0029551-08-0. Continue on to question #3	ES discharge permit. he permit number below.
<ul> <li>3. Does your discharge flow to a wetland?</li> <li>No. Continue on to question #4.</li> <li>□ Yes. Continue on to question #4.</li> </ul>	For Department Use Only □ NR 103 Completed: □ N/A
Question #4 and associated information submittal requirements do not apply to additives that are used on a regular basis by municipalities in municipal water supplies.	For Department Use Only:
4. Are Water Treatment Additives used in wastestreams that are discharged to surface waters or groundwater (scale and rust inhibitors, biocides such as chlorine, etc.)?	Water Treatment Additives  ☐ Completed: ☐ Re-sent:
☐ No. Complete the signatory requirements in Section V, below. Read the attached permit and comply with its requirements, submitting annual summaries as required by the permit.	
Is the additive considered a biocide (biocides are designed to control biological growth, such as algae, in tanks, cooling towers, and other equipment)?  □ No □ Yes	
□ No □ Yes  For each outfall at which additives are used, you must submit the following information for each additive on Appendix A (at the back of this form):	Additive follow-up necessary: ☐ Yes ☐ No
a. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS's) for each additive. b. Commercial name of the additive to be used.	

#### SECTION IV: ELIGIBILITY CHECKLIST

- c. Amount or concentration of additive to be used.
- d. Anticipated discharge concentration of additive.
- e. Proposed frequency of usage.

If your discharge enters a surface water, you must also submit the following information:

f. At least one 48-hour  $LC_{50}$  or  $EC_{50}$  value for Daphnia magna and at least one 96-hour  $LC_{50}$  or  $EC_{50}$  value for either fathead minnow, rainbow trout, or bluegill.

NOTE: The above information should be provided to you by your additive supplier.

Complete the signatory requirements in Section V, below. Read the attached permit and comply with its requirements, submitting annual discharge summaries as required by the permit or more frequently if notified to do so by the Department.

# End of Checklist - Complete Signatory Requirements Below

SECTION V: SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS	SECTION V: SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS				
Signature of person completing the form, attesting to the accuracy and completeness of the statements hade	Date Signed				
Typedor Printed Name and Title  MARKE. SOHWOON - UTILITIES MANAGER	Phone # 608 - 789 - 7588				
This form must be signed by the official representative of the permitted facility who is: the o ranking elected official or other duly authorized representative for a unit of government, a ma of manager having overall responsibility for the operation of the facility for a corporation. If	anager for a limited liability company, or an responsible corporate officer of at least the level				
Signature	Date Signed				
Typed or Printed Name and Title	Phone #				
Fax #	Internet Address				

Mail to: Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources,

Water Permits Central Intake - WT/3

P.O. Box 7185

Madison, WI 53707-7185

#### APPENDIX A - WATER TREATMENT ADDITIVE INFORMATION

Outfall #	Additive Name and Manufacturer	Additive Type	Amount or Concentration Used (mg/l or lbs/day)	Anticipated Discharge Concentration (mg/l)	Frequency of use (Continuous, 1x/week, etc.)	Daphnia Magna 48-HR LC <sub>50</sub> or EC <sub>50</sub> (mg/l)	Fathead Minnow 96-HR LC <sub>59</sub> ar EC <sub>59</sub> (mg/l)	Rainbow Trout 96-HR LC <sub>50</sub> or EC <sub>50</sub> (mg/l)	Blue Gill 96-HR LC <sub>50</sub> or EC <sub>50</sub> (mg/l)
1	LIQUID CHLOUNE HYBRITE CHEMILAL	DISW FESTERUT	1.0 mg/l	0	Coctideous	0.017 mg/c.	0.67-0.15		
l	LIQUID CHLORINE HYBRITE CHEMILAL AQUADENE SK-7699 CARUS CHEMILAL	DIEW FESTERNST SEQUESTERNST	1.74 kg/l EEDONE 2	agi-l		7850 PPW	1380 Mg/L		
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			:						
						··.			

Additive type refers to the use of the additive as a biocide, pH adjuster, scale inhibitor, rust inhibitor, etc.

ATTACH MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS's) TO BACK OF THIS APPENDIX

NOTE 2 - " " " "

# Additional information related to GENERAL PERMIT REQUEST FOR COVERAGE La Crosse Water Utility Auto Flush System Park Plaza Drive - La Crosse, WI October 2014

**NOTE** – The following information is related to SECTION IV of the ELIGIBILITY CHECKLIST, Question #4, and is supplemental to the information shown on APPENDIX A – WATER TREATMENT ADDITIVE INFORMATION.

**NOTE 1** – Chlorine is used as a disinfectant at all thirteen, active wells in the City of La Crosse. Chlorine is mixed with water and fed as a 1 mg/l solution to the water entering the City's water distribution system. Based on the configuration of and chlorine demand in the distribution system, chlorine concentration in the water declines with time. The <u>average</u> chlorine residual throughout the water distribution system is approximately 0.4 mg/l; current results of chlorine residual tests taken as part of bacteriological sampling averaged 0.25/mg/l. Considering the discharge arrangement of the auto flush system in the storm system structure, followed by the flow of this water overland in an open ditch to the Pettibone lagoon, there should be no residual concentration of chlorine by the time this water enters the surface water.

NOTE 2 – Polyphosphate is added as a sequestering agent at seven of the City's thirteen active wells. Dosage rates vary at each treated well. Operation of all City wells, treated and untreated, varies with the demand for water. Treated and untreated water is mixed/blended throughout the distribution system, including the City's 5 MG reservoir. APPENDIX A shows the calculated average dosage rate (1.34 mg/l) of Polyphosphate at the wells, and the approximate value of total phosphate levels (0.1 mg/l) in the distribution system.

# Johnson, Mark

From:

Courtney.Willinger@Hydrite.com

Sent:

Friday, October 10, 2014 10:58 AM

To:

Johnson, Mark

Cc:

Anderson, Leland; 'tim.colgan@caruscorporation.com'

Subject:

Re: Information needed for submittal to DNR

Attachments:

CL0000.pdf

Good Morning Mark -- Below is the information requested.

Liquid Chlorine

48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 0.017 mg/L

LC50 Fathead minnow: 0.07 to 0.15 (96 hour)

**Courtney Willinger Account Representative** 8622 N. 87th St. | Milwaukee, WI | 53224 Mobile: 608-792-8913 Courtney.Willinger@Hydrite.com

# www.hydrite.com



CHEMICAL CO.

DISCLAIMER: This message and any attached files are for the intended recipient and may contain confidential and proprietary information. If you are not the intended recipient, any unauthorized use or disclosure of this information is prohibited. Please notify the sender and delete the message and attachments from your system. If this message includes a business proposal, such proposal shall expire within thirty (30) days unless accepted in writing. Hydrite's standard Terms and Conditions located at <a href="https://www.hydrite.com">www.hydrite.com</a> under "Legal Notices" are Incorporated into such proposal by reference. Thank you.

From: To:

"Johnson, Mark" < Johnsonm@cityoflacrosse.org>

Cc:

"tim.colgan@caruscorporation.com" < tim.colgan@caruscorporation.com>, "Courtney.Willinger@Hydrite.com" < Courtney.Willinger@Hydrite.com

"Anderson, Leland" <andersonl@cityoflacrosse.org>

10/08/2014 04:33 PM Date:

Subject:

Information needed for submittal to DNR

Good afternoon,

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

CHLORINE

Product ID: CL000000 Revised: 03-27-2014 Replaces: 12-22-2009

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

CHLORINE

Synonyms:

Liquid Chlorine

**CAS Number:** 

7782-50-5

Recommended Use:

No data available.

Restrictions on Use:

No data available.

Hydrite Chemical Co. 300 N. Patrick Blvd. Brookfield, WI 53008-0948 **EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBERS:** 24 Hour Emergency #: (414) 277-1311 CHEMTREC Emergency #: (800) 424-9300

(262) 792-1450

# 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION













Signal Word:

Danger

GHS Classification:

Oxidizing Gas Category 1

Gases under pressure - Liquified Gas Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure

Category 1

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Gas Category 2

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 3

**Hazard Statements:** 

May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Fatal if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Causes damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# **Precautionary Statements:**

Prevention:

Keep away from clothing or other combustible materials.

Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil.

Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear gloves, eye and face protection and protective clothing.

Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

Product ID: CL000000

skin with water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Specific treatment is urgent (see First Aid on SDS or on this label).

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a secure manner.

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with local, regional and international regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None known.

Percentage of Components with Unknown Acute Toxicity:

Oral:

100.0 % 100.0 %

Dermal:

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Chlorine CAS Number 7782-50-5 <mark>% by Wt.</mark> 98 - 100 %

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Tilt head to avoid contaminating unaffected eye. Get immediate medical attention. Remove contact lens if easy to do.

**Skin Contact:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Do not reuse clothing and shoes until cleaned. Wash with soap and water. Do not attempt to remove frozen clothing from frostbitten areas.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Keep warm and quiet.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, call a physician immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

#### Note to Physicians:

For liquid contact, treat the affected person for frostbite if necessary. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Development of pulmonary edema may be delayed 48-72 hours.

# Most Important Symptoms/Effects:

**Eye Contact**: CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. Causes: permanent eye damage. blurred vision. blindness. May cause: frostbite. Contact with compressed liquid or escaping gas can cause frostbite injury.

**Skin Contact:** CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. Causes: permanent skin damage. Contact may cause: dermatitis (inflammation of the skin). frostbite. Contact with compressed liquid or escaping gas can cause frostbite injury.

Skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause tissue and blood cell damage.

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Inhalation: May be corrosive to the respiratory tract. Severe irritation and burns may result. Poison. May be fatal if inhaled. May irritate or burn: nose. throat. respiratory tract. May cause: coughing. shortness of breath. difficulty breathing. chest pain. nausea. vomiting. central nervous system depression. dizziness. pulmonary edema. chemical pneumonitis. permanent damage. unconsciousness. death. Effects may be delayed.

**Ingestion:** This product is a gas at room temperature. Swallowing this material is unlikely. Liquid causes burns of the: digestive tract. May cause: pain. thirst. abdominal cramps. difficulty in breathing. nausea. vomiting. Direct contact with the liquefied gas can cause frostbite.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use agent suitable for surrounding fire. DO NOT USE: Direct water stream.

Fire Fighting Methods: Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Wear protective clothing including NIOSH-Approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Remain upwind of fire to avoid hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers, but avoid getting water into containers. Stop flow of gas before extinguishing fire. Move containers from fire area if possible without hazard. Do not apply water to leaking containers. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to protect persons effecting shut-off. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive. Water spray on active leak may promote accelerated corrosion of container and accelerate rate of leakage. Fire fighters should wear a one piece, total-encapsulating suit of Butyl coated nylon or equivalent. Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** STRONG OXIDIZER. Capable of supporting combustion of certain substances. Reacts explosively, or forms explosive compounds, with many chemicals such as acetylene, turpentine, ether, ammonia gas, hydrogen, and finely divided metals. May ignite organic and other easily oxidizable materials. This product may react with certain metals to produce flammable Hydrogen Gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Toxic vapors.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Clean-Up Procedures: CORROSIVE MATERIAL. STRONG OXIDIZER. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate unprotected personnel from area. Maintain adequate ventilation. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8. Never exceed any occupational exposure limit. Keep upwind of leak or spill. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off source of leak if safe to do so. Do not apply water directly to a leak. Reacts with water to form corrosive, acidic solution (hydrochloric acid). Clean-up personnel must be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and butyl rubber protective clothing. Prevent entry into basements, low areas, or confined areas. If a container is leaking, try to position it so that the gas rather than the liquid leaks. Apply emergency kit device if possible. For other than minor leaks, immediately implement predetermined emergency plan. Report spills to appropriate government authorities. Avoid direct discharge to sewers and surface waters. Notify authorities if entry occurs.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapors, mists, or dust. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Empty containers retain product residue (vapor, dust, or liquid) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other source of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. CORROSIVE MATERIAL. Personnel near or handling Chlorine, should AT ALL TIMES carry a NIOSH/MSHA-approved chemical cartridge type escape respirator and be trained in its use. Follow safety procedures for containers of compressed gases.

**Storage:** CORROSIVE MATERIAL. STRONG OXIDIZER. Store in a cool, well ventilated area away from all sources of ignition and out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry location away from heat. Keep away from incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed. Do not store in unlabeled or mislabeled containers. Store below 125 F. Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Chlorine piping and equipment must be thoroughly cleaned of organics and moisture before use. Liquid Chlorine lines must have

Product ID: CL000000

suitable expansion chambers between block valves due to the high coefficient of expansion. Always handle Chlorine with full regard to its pressure characteristics. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT AND MOISTURE. NEVER place a leaking container in water nor spray a leaking container with water. Correct leaks immediately. Protect container from weather and physical damage. Water contamination should be avoided. See Section 10 for incompatible materials.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**OSHA Exposure Guidelines:** 

Component Limits

Chlorine 1 ppm Ceiling; 3 mg/m3 Ceiling

**ACGIH Exposure Guidelines:** 

<u>Component</u> <u>Limits</u>

Chlorine 1 ppm STEL; 0.5 ppm TWA

Note:

\* IDLH = 10 ppm. Odor threshold approximately 0.3 ppm - highly variable especially with individuals routinely exposed.

**Engineering Controls:** General room ventilation and local exhaust are required. Process enclosures or other engineering controls may be needed to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Maintain adequate ventilation. Do not use in closed or confined spaces. Keep levels below exposure limits. To determine exposure levels, monitoring should be performed regularly. NOTE: Chlorine is heavier than air and tends to collect at ground or floor level. Provide ventilation for low-lying areas.

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear chemical safety goggles and a full face shield while handling this product. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** Prevent contact with this product. Wear gloves and protective clothing depending on condition of use. Protective gloves: Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Chemical-resistant.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection must be worn if ventilation does not eliminate symptoms or keep levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits are exceeded, wear: NIOSH approved full facepiece chlorine type respirator. NIOSH-Approved full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. NIOSH-Approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece is required for vapor concentrations above 10 ppm and for leaks and/or emergencies. Wear respirator while operating valves and connecting and disconnecting lines. Personnel handling or near Chlorine should at all times carry a NIOSH/MSHA-approved, chemical cartridge type, escape respiratory and be trained in its use. DO NOT exceed limits established by the respirator manufacturer. All respiratory protection programs must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements and must be followed whenever workplace conditions require a respirator's use.

**Other Protective Equipment:** Eye-wash station. Safety shower. Rubber boots. Rubber apron. Protective clothing. Fully encapsulated suit for areas of high concentrations.

General Hygiene Conditions: Wash with soap and water before meal times and at the end of each work shift.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid. Gas. Color: Amber. Greenish-yellow. Odor: Pungent irritating odor. Odor Threshold: N.D.

pH: N.D.

Freezing Point (deg. F): -149.8 Melting Point (deg. F): -149.8

Initial Boiling Point or Boiling Range: ~ -29 °F

Flash Point: N.A.

Flash Point Method: N.A.

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc = 1): N.D.

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Flammability (solid, gas): N.D. Lower Explosion Limit: N.A. Upper Explosion Limit: N.A.

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): 4788 @ 20 C Vapor Density (air=1): ~ 2.5 @ 0 C

Specific Gravity or Relative Density: ~ 1.47 @ 0 C Solubility in Water: 0.73 g/100g H2O @ 20C Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.D.

Autoignition Temperature: N.A. Decomposition Temperature: N.D.

Viscosity: N.D. % Volatile (wt%): 100 VOC (wt%): 0 VOC (lbs/gal): 0 Fire Point: N.D.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid contact with heat, sparks, electric arcs, other hot surfaces, and open flames. Avoid temperatures above 125 Deg. F. Avoid all forms of contamination. Intense local heat above 215C on steel container walls can cause steel to ignite chlorine.

Incompatible Materials: Alkalies. Reducing agents. Organic materials. Ammonia. Metal hydrides. Carbides. Phosphides. Sulfides. Readily-oxidized materials. Acetylene. Turpentine. Combustible materials. Metallic powders. Sulfur. Aluminum. Elemental metals. Nitrides. Amines. Oxides. Unstable and reactive compounds. Dry chlorine is highly reactive with titanium and tin. Reacts with most metals at high temperatures. Reacts with water to produce hydrochloric and hydrochlorous acids, which are corrosive to most metals. Combines with carbon monoxide and sulfur dioxide forming phosgene and sulfuryl chloride respectively. Moist chlorine is highly corrosive to most metals. Chlorine reaction to some organic compounds can be explosive.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hydrogen chloride. Hypochlorous acid.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

 Component
 Oral LD50
 Dermal LD50
 Inhalation LC50

 Chlorine
 No Data
 No Data
 1H Rat: 293.0 ppm

Routes of Exposure: Absorption. Eyes. Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin.

**Eye Contact:** CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. Causes: permanent eye damage. blurred vision. blindness. May cause: frostbite. Contact with compressed liquid or escaping gas can cause frostbite injury.

**Skin Contact:** CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. Causes: permanent skin damage. Contact may cause: dermatitis (inflammation of the skin). frostbite. Contact with compressed liquid or escaping gas can cause frostbite injury.

Skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause tissue and blood cell damage.

**Inhalation:** May be corrosive to the respiratory tract. Severe irritation and burns may result. Poison. May be fatal if inhaled. May irritate or burn: nose. throat. respiratory tract. May cause: coughing. shortness of breath. difficulty breathing. chest pain. nausea. vomiting. central nervous system depression. dizziness. pulmonary edema. chemical pneumonitis. permanent damage. unconsciousness. death. Effects may be delayed.

**Ingestion:** This product is a gas at room temperature. Swallowing this material is unlikely. Liquid causes burns of the: digestive tract. May cause: pain. thirst. abdominal cramps. difficulty in breathing. nausea. vomiting. Direct contact with the liquefied gas can cause frostbite.

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**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure to Product**: Respiratory system disorders. Asthma. Skin disorders. Bronchitis. Emphysema.

**Other:** Repeated exposures can result in loss of ability to detect the odor of chlorine. Long term exposures may cause damage to teeth and inflammation or ulceration of the nasal passages. Long term overexposure may produce upper airway changes leading to an increased prevalence of colds, shortness of breath, and reactive airway dysfunction syndrome.

#### Cancer Information:

This product does not contain 0.1% or more of the known or potential carcinogens listed in NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

Acute toxicity: This material is corrosive to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Breathing this material is harmful and can cause death. Harmful effects include burns and permanent damage to airways, including nose, throat, and lungs. The extent of injury following chlorine exposure depends on concentration and duration of exposure as well as water content of the tissue involved. Estimated effects are as follows: 0.2-0.4 ppm: Odor detection (some tolerance develops); 1-3 ppm: Mild mucous membrane irritation (can be tolerated ~ 1 hour); 5-15 ppm: Moderate irritation of upper respiratory tract; 30 ppm: Immediate chest pain, vomiting, dyspnea, cough; 40-60 ppm: Toxic pneumonitis and pulmonary edema; 430 ppm: Lethal over 30 minutes; 1000 ppm: Fatal within a few minutes.

Its action in the respiratory tract is due to its strong oxidizing capability; it forms both hypochlorous acid and hypochloric acid on contact with moist mucous membranes. Symptoms of pulmonary congestion and edema may develop after a latency period of several hours following severe acute exposure of chlorine.

Chronic toxicity: Long term overexposure may produce upper airway changes leading to an increased prevalence of colds, shortness of breath, and reactive airway dysfunction syndrome.

Additional data: Odor does not provide an adequate warning of exposure. In workers exposed to chlorine for a 2 to 5 year period, all had some degree of olfactory impairment. Sensory irritation tolerance developed in rats when they were pretreated with 1 ppm chlorine.

Mutagenic data: This material has tested positive in one or more in vitro mutagenicity studies.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information: Highly toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.

LC50 Fathead minnow: 0.07 to 0.15 (96 hour)

LC50 Bluegill: 0.44 mg/l (96 hour) LC50 Daphnia: 30 to 150 ug/L (48 hour)

**Chemical Fate Information:** Chlorine is a strong oxidizer and will react rapidly with oxidizable inorganic compounds. Chlorine will also oxidize organic compounds, but at a slower rate than inorganic compounds. The presence of light accelerates the dissipation of chlorine in water.

Biodegration: This material is an element and not subject to biodegradation.

Persistence: The atmospheric half-life and lifetime of this material due to photolysis is estimated at 10 and 14 minutes, respectively. The half-life of free residual material in fresh water has been estimated at 1.3 to 5 hours.

Bioconcentration: This material is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms.

Additional Ecological Information: This material has exhibited toxicity to terrestrial organisms.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazardous Waste Number: D003; D001

**Disposal Method:** Dispose of in a permitted hazardous waste management facility following all local, state and federal regulations. Absorb in alkaline solution such as Caustic Soda, Soda Ash or Hydrated Lime. Care must be taken during neutralization process due to high heat generation. Place neutralized material in a closed container. For guidance in disposal of material, contact your regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Page: 6 of 8

Product ID: CL000000

Do not Discard to water or sewer. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **DOT (Department of Transportation):**

Identification Number:

UN1017

**Proper Shipping Name:** 

Chlorine

Hazard Class:

2.3 (5.1, 8)

Packing Group:
Additional Description:

N.A. Poison-Inhalation Hazard, Hazard Zone B.

Marine Pollutant:

Chlorine

Label Required:

POISON GAS; OXIDIZER; CORROSIVE

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 10# (Chlorine).

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**TSCA Inventory Status**: All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements.

SARA Title III Section 311/312 Category Hazards:

Immediate (Acute) Yes	Delayed (Chr No	onic)	Fire Hazard Yes	<u>Pres</u>	ssure Rele Yes	<u>ease</u>	<u>React</u> No	<u>ive</u>
Regulated Compone Component	nts:	<u>CAS</u> Number	CERCLA RQ	SARA EHS	<u>SARA</u> 313	<u>U.S.</u> HAP	<u>WI</u> <u>HAP</u>	<u>Prop</u> <u>65</u>
Chlorine		7782-50-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

<sup>\*</sup>Prop 65 - May Contain the Following Trace Components:

This product may contain a detectable level of chemicals listed by California's Proposition 65.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# **Hazard Rating System**

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: (

\* = Chronic Health Hazard

#### **NFPA Rating System**

Health:

4

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 0

Special Hazard: OX

# **MSDS Abbreviations**

N.A. = Not Applicable

N.D. = Not Determined

**HAP = Hazardous Air Pollutant** 

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

C = Ceiling Limit

N.E./Not Estab. = Not Established

MSDS Prepared by: NAO

Reason for Revision: New format. Changes made throughout the MSDS.

**Revised:** 03-27-2014 **Replaces:** 12-22-2009

Page: 7 of 8

Product ID: CL000000

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates to the specific material designated and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or process. The data contained is believed to be correct. However, since conditions of use are outside our control it should not be taken as warranty or representation for which HYDRITE CHEMICAL CO. assumes legal responsibility. This information is provided solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification.

# Johnson, Mark

From:

Colgan, Tim <Tim.Colgan@caruscorporation.com>

Sent:

Thursday, October 09, 2014 12:15 PM

To:

nuisuay, October 03, 2014 12.13 r

Cc:

Johnson, Mark Ihli, Sam

Subject:

RE: Information needed for submittal to DNR

**Attachments:** 

Aquadene® SK-7699-SDS.pdf; AM Toxicity.pdf

Mark,

The commercial name of polyphosphate we supply is AQUADENE SK-7699. I have attached our current SDS. Section 12 has aquatic toxicity information for the Western Mosquito Fish (LC 50 is 1,380 mg/L, 96-hour). Aquatic toxicity requiring more than 1,000 mg/L places AQUADINE SK-7699 in the barley toxic to non-toxic category (see the attached AM Polyphosphate Toxicity information sheet).

Best Regards,

Tim

Tim Colgan | Regional Sales Manager

Mobile: +1 815 228-3777 | tim.colgan@caruscorporation.com

Carus Corporation

Office: +1 800 435-6856 | +1 815 223-1500 | Fax: +1 815 224-6697

315 Fifth St | Peru, Illinois, USA 61354

http://www.caruscorporation.com





CARUS CORPORATION

WATER \* REMEDIATION \* INDUSTRIAL \* AIR



**From:** Johnson, Mark [mailto:Johnsonm@cityoflacrosse.org]

**Sent:** Wednesday, October 08, 2014 4:33 PM **To:** Colgan, Tim; <u>Courtney.Willinger@Hydrite.com</u>

**Cc:** Anderson, Leland

Subject: Information needed for submittal to DNR

Good afternoon,

I am in the process of completing an application to DNR for a general permit needed for a surface water discharge from an automatic flushing system installed on a long, dead-end watermain in the La Crosse system. Submittal of the application requires product information that I need from both of you as our suppliers of polyphosphate (Carus) and chlorine (Hydrite), as follows:

Commercial name of the product you supply;



# AQUA MAG® **Toxicity Information**

Environmental: Degradability/ Aquatic Toxicity

AQUA MAG® blended phosphate constituents have undergone aquatic toxicity testing and have been tested shown to be barely toxic to non-toxic according to current toxicity classification categories given below.

**Table 1. Toxicity Classification** 

Constituent Concentration	Toxicity Classification
<1 ppm	Highly or strongly toxic
1-10 ppm	Toxic
10-100 ppm	Moderately toxic
100-1000 ppm	Slightly toxic
>1000 ppm	Barely toxic to non-toxic

Table 2. Aqua Mag Toxicity

48 hour LC 50%	Daphne magna	3580 ppm*
48 hour LC 50%	Lymnaea sp	2954 ppm*
48 hour LC 50%	Fish	1650 ppm (n.n orfe) 10,000 ppm @pH 7**
25 hour/50 hr LC 50%	Daphne magna	1154 ppm/1089 ppm**
0-5 hour EC 50%	Pseudomonas putida	1000-1500 ppm**

EPA hazardous substance

No

40CFR116-117

Waste Disposal Methods

Must comply with all federal, state and local disposal/discharge laws

RCRA Status of Unused Material

Non-hazardous 40CFR261

\*Dowden, B.F., Bennett, H.J., "Toxicity of Selected Chemicals to Certain Animals," Journal WPCF, Sept 1965, pp 1308-1316.

\*\*Schoeber, J.P., Huber, L., "Ecologically Relevant Data of Nonsurfactant Components of Detergents and Cleaners," Tenside Surfactants Detergents, 25, 99-107, (1988).



315 Fifth Street . Peru, IL 61354 Tel: (815) 223-1500 Fax: (815) 224-6697

(CARUS and Design) is a registered service mark of Carus Corporation.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### 1. Identification

Product identifier

Aquadene® SK-7699

Other means of identification

SDS number

Recommended use

Aquadene® SK-7699 is an effective corrosion inhibitor and sequesterant for use in potable and

industrial water systems.

Recommended restrictions

None known.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information

Company name

CARUS CORPORATION 315 Fifth Street.

Address

Peru, IL 61354, USA

Telephone

815 223-1500 - All other non-emergency inquiries about the product should be

directed to the company

E-mail Website Contact person salesmkt@caruscorporation.com www.caruscorporation.com Dr. Chithambarathanu Pillai

**Emergency Telephone** 

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), call CHEMTREC at

CHEMTREC®, USA: 001 (800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Mexico (Toll-Free - must be dialed from within country):

01-800-681-9531

CHEMTREC®, Other countries: 001 (703) 527-3887

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Not classified.

Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 2

**Environmental hazards OSHA** defined hazards

Not classified. Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement

Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye/face protection.

Response

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Not classified.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Diphosphoric acid, tetrapotassium salt	7320-34-5	10 - 20	
Diphosphoric acid, disodium salt	7758-16-9	5 - 10	
Tetrasodium pyrophosphate	7722-88-5	5 - 10	

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g., cloth, fleece), Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components Type Value Tetrasodium pyrophosphate TWA 5 mg/m3 (CAS 7722-88-5)

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

controls

General ventilation normally adequate.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Aquadene® SK-7699 SDS US 919759 Version #: 01 Revision date: -Issue date: 27-March-2014 2/6 Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipmen

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Colorless solution.

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Color

Colorless.

Odor

None.

Odor threshold

Not available.

рΗ

1% solution =  $6.5\pm1.0$ 

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling < 32 °F (< 0 °C)

213.8 °F (101 °C)

range

Flash point

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

Not available.

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

1.32±0.03 at 25°C

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Completely soluble.

Partition coefficient

Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

reactions

Contact with incompatible materials.

Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Inhalation

In high concentrations, vapors may be irritating to the respiratory system.

Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Issue date: 27-March-2014

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.

SDS US Aquadene® SK-7699

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#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Components

May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Species

Diphosphoric acid, tetrapotassium salt (CAS 7320-34-5)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 4640 mg/kg

**Test Results** 

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (CAS 7722-88-5)

Acute

Oral LD50

4000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

No data available. Not a skin sensitizer.

Skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure

No data available. No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity -

No data available.

repeated exposure Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

#### Components

#### **Species**

No data available for this product.

#### **Test Results**

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (CAS 7722-88-5)

Aquatic

Fish

LC50

Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 1380 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

The product is not expected to be readily biodegradable.

Mobility in soil

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Aquadene® SK-7699

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Transport in bulk according to

Not available.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

#### Other federal regulations

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# US state regulations

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (CAS 7722-88-5)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (CAS 7722-88-5)

# US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (CAS 7722-88-5)

# US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

#### US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Not listed.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes

Aquadene® SK-7699
919759 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 27-March-2014

Country(s) or region

Inventory name

On inventory (yes/no)\*

**Philippines** 

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date

27-March-2014

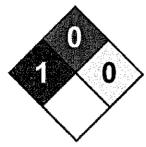
Revision date

\_

Version #

01

**NFPA Ratings** 



References

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

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