STATE OF THE PARTY	COMMERCIAL DEVELOPM Planning Department • http://www.cityoflacro	Phone 608.789.7512		.:
No. of the last of	STATUS:		Parcel No.	:
WNER	Name: JOAN NILSON Address: 513 MAIN STREET, SU City: LA CROSSE	ITEC		
9	Phone: (608) 385-7820 Cell:	Fax:	E-mail: joan W. java@	gra:1. co
RCHITECT	Name: IS 6 - KEVIN BI Address: 201 MAIN STREET, S City: LA CROSSE	145 SUZTE 1020		
AR	Phone: 789 - 2034 Cell:	Fax:	E-mail: Kevin.b: S€	5-6RP. 0
PROJECT	Description of Work: New DRIVE	-4p caf <i>fee</i> sta	op.	
10.0	Pre-application Meeting Date:			
	Applying for Exception: No		0 Check for Public Notification)	
ERTY	Project Address: 330 ADAMS 57 Zoning District: TND	PARENT Parent Number	per: 17: 30097-120	
PROPE	Address: 330 ADAMS STREET		Iress same as property owner's address:	
R	City: L.A.C.ROISSE	State: WZ	Zip Code: S460	
= >	Date Received:	Review Date:		
OFFICIAL	Exception Check:	□ No		
SE SE	Required Information:		ndscape Plan DiBuilding Elevations	& Materials

The applicant agrees that all design aspects and maintenance plans are in accordance with the requirements of Section 15.47 of the Code of Ordinances for the City of La Crosse. Application, the checklist, and seven (7) sets of required information must be submitted to the City Inspection Department prior to review and acceptance.

Photos

□ LEED Checklist

KEUIN BILLS		JOHN WILSO	W
(PRINT) Architect/Engineer Name		(Print) Owner Name	
Men.	7/1/16	Toa	Witsor 7/16
Signature (Architect/Engineer)	Date	Signature (Owner)	Date

		YES	NO	N/A	NOTES
C.13	Raised curbs, parking blocks or stops, decorative bollards and/or fences, trees and/or shrubs shall be utilized along the edge(s) of parking lots to prevent motor vehicles from parking on green space buffers, outdoor recreation space, bike parking areas, sidewalks and side and front yards. In the event the original protective measures are inadequate to preventing inappropriate parking, additional measures shall be taken.	図			
C.14a	Parking lot snow storage area(s) shall be designated in the parking lot and/or green space buffers.	\square			
C.14b	Snow storage areas shall not be located near parking lot entrances and impede driver vision.	×			
C.14c	If these green space buffer(s) are no longer capable of storing snow, the property owner shall arrange for the excess snow to be removed.	X			
C.14.d	To the greatest extent possible, melting snow or ice should not drain over sidewalks or across neighboring properties.	X			
C.15	Light-colored and/or reflective surface coating should be considered to reduce the "heat island" effect of traditional asphalt parking lots.	$\overline{\times}$			
C.16	Environmentally-friendly paving materials and methods are encouraged, including but not limited to using recycled asphalt tires and roofing shingles as part of the mix or base.	Ø			
C.17	Porous paving materials such as paving blocks with decorative gravel, or properly spaced cobbles, brick, and natural stone with grass planted in between in small clusters and methods that reduce stormwater runoff are encouraged.				
C.18	The off-street parking provisions for all commercial development shall be in conformance with 15.04(G). Required off-street parking space, including access drives and aisles, shall not cover more than seventy-five percent (75%) of the lot area in which such off-street parking space is permitted.	Ø			
PEDE:	STRIAN CIRCULATION				
D.2	There shall be a paved pedestrian route from the sidewalk or street to the main building entrance, and from the parking area to the nearest building entrance.	F			
D .3	Pedestrian routes shall be paved with concrete. Bituminous material shall not be allowed for pedestrian routes.				
D.4	Porous paving materials and methods that reduce stormwater runoff.is encouraged.			\square	
	DING MECHANICAL SERVICE ELEMENTS				
E.2	The design and location of the following items shall be indicated on building and/or site plans, illustrated with spec sheets as appropriate, and submitted with the Design Standards Checklist:	X			
	utility meters	X			
E.2b	building mechanicals	\boxtimes	8		
	trash and recycling containers	\boxtimes			
	bicycle parking			X	
	outdoor seating areas			\succ	
	solar and wind facilities			X	
_	dish antennas (not permitted to hang off the side of buildings) transformers	Щ	Н	×	
	back-up generators	\mathbf{H}		X	
4.41	oden-up Senerators				

		YES	NO	N/A	NOTES
E.3	Service areas, utility meters, and building mechanicals shall not be located on the street side of the building, nor on the side wall closer than 10 feet to the street side of the building. The location of emergency back-up generators and transformers shall be coordinated between the City, developer and the utility company. Screening of meters, generators, transformers, and mechanicals is required when visible from the street with an approved screen device. Screening materials shall match building materials. Cable, conduit and phone line shall not be visible on the exterior with the exception of conduit running directly to the meter/utility boxes at the time of initial occupancy. Mailboxes are permitted within 10 feet of the front of the building if not visible from the street.				
E.4	Trash and recycling containers, including cans and dumpsters, shall have covers and be screened so as not to be visible from the street or from neighboring properties. Screening shall be one foot higher than the container but no higher than six feet; however, roofed enclosures may exceed this limit.				
E.5	If a building owner chooses to provide a trash receptacle and/or a smoking materials receptacle, the receptacle(s) shall be decorative if located at the entrance that faces a public street. These receptacles shall be screened from view and/or designed to fit with the architecture and materials of the building.	K			
E.6a	High energy gas appliances shall have the air intakes and exhaust vents located on the sides or rear of the building where they do not interfere with any sidewalks, are not likely to be blocked or damaged by pedestrian traffic, snow or the removal of snow, and away from any trees or shrubs that would be harmed by the exhaust heat and gases.			\boxtimes	
E.6b	Window-mounted air conditioners shall not be permitted.	X		TO THE	
E.6c	PTAC air conditioner/heat pump units must be designed into the architecture of the building.			\boxtimes	
E.6d	If heat pumps or air conditioners are located on the ground, they shall be on one side or the rear of the building and screened with evergreens or decorative screening that matches or complements the exterior siding of the building, such that proper clearances are maintained for the manufacturer's warranty.			X	
E.6e	If heat pumps or air conditioners are located on the roof, they shall be placed, painted and/or screened so as to minimize the visual impact to the street.	X			
E.7a	Bicycle parking using bike racks specifically designed for bike parking shall be provided at one (1) space per 10 automobile parking spaces or one (1) space per 20 employees, whichever is greater, and should be located near building entries, shall not interfere with pedestrian circulation, and shall be well-lit. Bikes are not permitted to be stored, locked or chained on decks, patios, fences or any other exterior location other than a bike rack specifically designed for bike parking.			Ø	
E. 7 b	Bicycle parking (to accommodate four bicycles) shall be nominally at least nine (9) by six (6) feet or fifty-four (54) square feet and increase by the same ratio to accommodate the number of bike spaces.			\square	
Е.7с	The base for bike racks should be concrete to ensure their stability; however, the remaining bicycle parking area shall be porous paving materials (paving blocks with decorative gravel or wood mulch, or properly spaced cobbles, brick, and natural stone with grass planted in between in small clusters) to reduce stormwater runoff but shall not result in standing water. If an area for bike parking is designed using these standards, then up to 100 percent of the space taken for the bike parking shall count as green space.			Ø	

		YES	NU	N/A	NOTES
F.6	Boulevard trees will be installed by the City Forester at City expense if the developer attends City tree school. If the developer installs boulevard trees they shall conform to City street standards. A complete list of trees and shrubs and other reliable plant material that has been approved by the City Forester is available in the City Planning and Development Department.	K			
F.7	Existing healthy trees should be preserved to the greatest extent practicable and shall be indicated on grading and landscape plans submitted for plan review; however, invasive trees shall be removed. Existing damaged, decayed, or diseased trees should be removed to protect remaining trees. Construction near existing trees should follow Best Management Practices to ensure their survival.	Ø			
F.8	Landscaping should reinforce pedestrian circulation routes and obstruct undesired routes of convenience. Bushes, trees, rocks, and other landscape features should be used to indicate where pedestrians should and should not travel.	V			
F.9a	Provide a five (5) to six (6) foot high solid screen to separate parking lots from abutting residential uses or other non-compatible uses. A solid landscape screen is defined as an evergreen or nearly evergreen mixture (minimum of 65% evergreen) of shrubs, bushes, or trees that produce a dense, sight-obscuring screen at least five (5) to six (6) feet in height within three years of planting. Berms may be included in this definition as long as the maximum height of the berm is five feet; both sides of the berm are planted with evergreen or nearly evergreen shrubs or bushes so that the total height of landscaping and berm will be at least six feet within three years of planting; and top of the berm plantings form a dense, sight-obscuring screen within the same three-year period.				
F.9b	Provide a minimum three (3) foot high visual relief screen when adjacent to a street in the form of a hedge, fence, planter, berm, dividers, shrubbery and trees or any combination. The visual relief screen shall extend the length of the parking lot. Three (3) feet in height shall be measured from surface of the parking lot and may be negotiable depending on the elevation of the parking lot in relation to the sidewalk and/or street. All landscaping to form such a visual relief shall be a minimum height of 2 feet at time of planting. Bark or other loose material shall not be placed on berms in these areas since it may be displaced on the street or sidewalk.				
F.10a	The property owner shall be responsible for maintenance and replacement of trees, shrubs, grass, ground covers, loose bark or gravel, and sod which are part of the approved landscape plan. If any such plant materials are not maintained or replaced, the City may utilize the required surety to replace the newly planted or protected landscaping or to deem this to be a Municipal Code Violation and issue an Order to Correct.	图			
F.10b	The owner is responsible for keeping trees in a plumb position. When staking or securing trees is done, it shall occur so as not to create any hazards or unsightly obstacles.				
	Plants must be maintained to be kept in sound, healthy and vigorous growing conditions and free of disease, insect eggs and larvae.	Z			
	A sprinkler or lawn irrigation system shall be required in the front yard and boulevard of all developments if lawn or sod is proposed. This standard does not apply to boulevards if sprinkler or lawn irrigation systems are not needed for the front yard.			Ø	
G.2	Walls and fences located in the front yard setback shall not exceed six feet in height above the finished grade and shall be at least 50% transparent to retain the visual connection between street and building				

		YLS	NU	IN/A	NOTES
I.5	Ornamental lighting to light the building façade is permitted provided that the light source is not visible from the property line and is designed to minimize glare and spillover.				
I.6	No overhead light source (i.e., the lamp or reflector) shall be visible from the property line. Shields may be employed, if necessary, to meet this requirement. The maximum allowable luminance measured 25 feet beyond the property line shall be .05 horizontal foot-candles (HFC).	V			
I.7	Lighting levels for parking lots and pedestrian routes: (horizontal luminance measured in foot-candles):				
I.7a	Average: 2.4 foot-candles	H		1000	
I.7b	Minimum: 1.0 foot-candles	닏	님		
I.7c	Uniformity Ratio (Bright spots to dark spots): 4:1	H	H		
I.7d	Maximum Average: .5 foot-candles		٠		
I.8	Each exterior entry to structures on the property shall have an exterior light.	X			
I.9	For properties adjacent to residential uses, motion sensor flood or spot lights shall have shrouds, be limited to two (2) bulbs pointed at least thirty degrees downward and not directly into windows or doors of neighboring building and the light sources shall not be visible from the street.	图			innig ser y, 4 in er ind inserted
PATIO J.2	OS, PORCHES, DECKS, AND ROOFTOP GARDENS/DECKS Every residential unit is encouraged to have its own patio or balcony and shall be incorporated into the architectural façade of the building and may encroach into the building setback area but not more than 25%. Commercial structures are also permitted to have exterior balconies. No patio or balcony can hang over a sidewalk.			M	
J.3	For commercial developments, ground level patios or decks for customer seating are permitted in the setback areas and should include some screening for noise.			\square	
J.4	Exterior stairs leading to a deck or balcony are permitted provided that they are decorative and are architecturally compatible with the building and constructed of compatible materials. Exterior corridors visible from a street are not permitted.				
J.5	Rooftop green roofs or rooftop patios and decks are permitted and if intended for occupied use shall have a railing height or parapet of at least 42 inches. Only outdoor furniture is permitted.				
BUIL	DING DESIGN: FORM, SCALE AND CONTEXT				
K.2	Photos of at least four (4) street views of nearby blocks shall be submitted with the Design Standards checklist.	X			
K.3	Buildings shall be designed to provide human scale, interest, and variety. The following techniques may be used to meet this objective:	0			
K.3a	Variation in the building form such as recessed or projecting bays, shifts in massing, or distinct roof shapes.			\rtimes	
K.3b	Emphasis of building entries through projecting or recessed forms, detail, color, or materials.	X			
K.3c	Variation of material, modules, expressed joints and details, surface relief, color, and texture to break up large building forms and wall surfaces. Such detailing could include sills, headers, belt courses, reveals, pilasters, window bays, and similar features.	\square			
K.4	For all non-manufacturing or retail buildings, where the allowable building is more than 50% wider than adjacent buildings, one of the following techniques shall be employed to minimize the apparent width of the primary façade:			*	
K.4a	Articulate the façade with projections or bays.				
K.4b	Use architectural elements such as column, canopies, glass, changes in materials, and covered entries to interrupt the facade		П	X	

		YES	NO	N/A	NOTES
N.4	Vinyl, plywood, chipboard, T1-11, asphalt siding, non-architectural metal siding and smooth-faced concrete block are prohibited as exterior finish materials unless the architect can demonstrate that the materials are appropriate to the design of the building. Treated wood shall be painted or stained.				
N.5	Natural wood shall be painted or stained, unless it is cedar, redwood or some other naturally weather resistant species and is intended to be exposed.	团			
N.6a	Since the selection of building colors has a significant aesthetic and visual impact upon the public and neighboring properties, as well as an impact on the energy use and comfort of customers and tenants, designs and color shall be selected in general harmony with the overall existing neighborhood.	\triangleright			
N.6b	Neutral or natural colors for the primary siding material with brighter or darker colors for accent and trim that provide for a more interesting building and are cooler in the summer are preferred.	X			
N.6c	Complementary multi-color and textured roofing materials that provide for a more interesting building and are cooler in the summer are preferred.				
O.2	AGES AND ACCESSORY BUILDINGS Street-facing overhead doors on garages are not permitted on lots served by an alley.			M	
O .3	The cumulative length of all garage doors facing the street shall not exceed 50% of the total length of the street-facing elevation unless architecturally justified.			X	
O.4	Accessory buildings shall be architecturally compatible and be constructed of the same materials as the primary building(s). All changes to the approved plans such as the addition of an accessory structure shall be approved by the Design Review Committee if not submitted at the time of initial review.			凶	
RIIII	DING CONSTRUCTION				
P.2	A completed LEED checklist must be submitted with the Design Standards checklist to demonstrate compliance with the standard.	Ø			
BUILI Q.2	DING, PROPERTY AND LANDSCAPING MAINTENANCE All commercial structures and buildings that are developed and constructed under this ordinance shall maintain the property through an ongoing maintenance program. The maintenance program is to include all exterior aspects of the development and include but is not limited to parking lots, building mechanicals, service elements, customer and tenant amenities, landscaping open space and plantings, wall and fences, signage, stormwater facilities, exterior lighting, patios and decks, exterior finishes, windows, architectural detail, and accessory structures.	\boxtimes			
Q.3	The project shall be maintained over the life of the development in a like-new condition with an on-going maintenance program that adheres to the intent of the original building plans and is subject to inspection by the City at anytime. Failure to maintain the project may subject the property to fines as permitted under this Chapter and the City of La Crosse Stormwater Management Ordinance. (#4513-7/9/09)				



LEED 2009 for New Construction and Major Renovations Project Checklist

MOKA Drive-Up Coffee Shop

: 110	_	43		
				1
_	create 1:4 Neglotiat Filority, specific credit	5		2 Credi
) -	0 ;	3	-	Credi
		1	_	Credi
	Credit 1.1 Regional Priority: Specific Credit		Prereq 1 Storage and Collection of Recyclables	Y
		14	Materials and Kesources Possible Points:	Ma
4	Regional Priority Credits Possible Points:			
		2	Credit 6 Green Power	Cred
-	Credit 2 LEED Accredited Professional	ω -		Cred
-	credit 1.5 Innovation in Design: Specific Title	2		Cred
-	Credit 1.4 Innovation in Design: Specific Title	2		Cred
-	Credit 1.3 Innovation in Design: Specific Title	1 to 7		Cred
-	Credit 1.2 Innovation in Design: Specific Title	1 to 19		Cred
<u></u>	Credit 1.1 Innovation in Design: Specific Title		-	Y Prere
		M ni	Prereq 2 Minimum Energy Performance	Y
6	Innovation and Design Process Possible Points:		Prereq 1 Fundamental Commissioning of Building Energy Systems	
4	Credit 8.2 Daylight and ViewsViews	35	Energy and Authosphere Possible Points:	
4 y - 1	, ,			
	Credit 8.1 Daylight and Views—Daylight	104		-
-	-	,		
		1		
	\cap	2 to 4		2 Cred
		_	Prereg t Water Use Reduction—20% Reduction	Y Prere
		_		
.		10	Water Efficiency Possible Points:	2 Wa
-	Credit 4.3 Low-Emitting Materials—Flooring Systems	-		
-	Credit 4.2 Low-Emitting Materials—Paints and Coatings	-1	Credit 8 Light Pollution Reduction	1 Cred
4	Credit 4.1 Low-Emitting Materials—Adhesives and Sealants	_	Credit 7.2 Heat Island Effect—Roof	Cred
4	credit 3,2 Construction IAQ Management Plan—Before Occupancy	_	Credit 7.1 Heat Island Effect—Non-roof	Cred
-	Credit 3,1 Construction IAQ Management Plan—During Construction	1	credit 6.2 Stormwater Design—Quality Control	1 Cred
.	Credit 2 Increased Ventilation		Credit 6.1 Stormwater Design—Quantity Control	1 Cred
•	Credit 1 Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring	1	Credit 5.2 Site Development—Maximize Open Space	1 Cred
	Prereq 2 Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	1	Credit 5.1 Site Development—Protect or Restore Habitat	1 Cred
	Prereq 1 Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	2 Y	Credit 4.4 Alternative Transportation—Parking Capacity	2 Cred
		ω	Credit 4.3 Alternative Transportation—Low-Emitting and Fuel-Efficient Vehicles	Cred
15	Indoor Environmental Quality Possible Points:	1 15	Credit 4.2 Alternative Transportation—Bicycle Storage and Changing Rooms	Cred
		6	Credit 4.1 Alternative Transportation—Public Transportation Access	6 Cred
_	Credit 7 Certified Wood		Credit 3 Brownfield Redevelopment	Cred
-	Credit 6 Rapidly Renewable Materials	5	Credit 2 Development Density and Community Connectivity	5 Cred
1 to 2	Credit 5 Regional Materials	1 2	Credit 1 Site Selection	1 Cred
1 to 2	Credit 4 Recycled Content	_	Prereq 1 Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Y Prere
	? N	Υ		Y ? N
	Materials and Resources, Continued	26	Sustainable Sites Possible Points:	19 Sus
			o)ect clieckilst	Wagne.





