FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Common Council City of La Crosse, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or when applicable, one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, OPEB Healthcare defined benefit schedules, Wisconsin Retirement System pension schedules, and Wisconsin Retirement System Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

La Crosse, Wisconsin

Hawkis Ash CPAs, LLP

July 31, 2025

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS



The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin - Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2024

As management of the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of La Crosse for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. We encourage the reader to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's basic financial statements, which follow this narrative.

The Financial Highlights

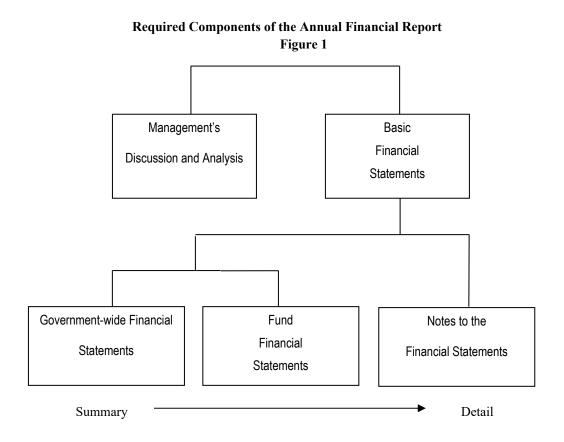
When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. This relationship between revenues and expenses can be considered the City's operating results. The City's net position as measured in the Statement of Net Position is one measure of the City's financial position, or financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities are one indicator of whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the City's goal is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, not to generate profits as companies do. For this reason, you will need to consider many other non-financial factors, such as the condition of our roads, the traffic and business generated by having a City owned and maintained airport, the revitalized historic downtown area, and the overall quality of life in assessing the overall health of our City.

- The assets of the City of La Crosse exceeded its liabilities as of December 31, 2024 by \$556,736,337 (net position).
- The City of La Crosse's total net position of Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds increased by \$20,773,275.
- As of December 31, 2024, the City of La Crosse's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$94,503,011, an increase of \$3,316,431 in comparison with the prior year. As of December 31, 2024, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$24,513,507 or approximately 38.76% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of La Crosse's total general obligation debt increased by \$2,577,057 or 1.82% during 2024. This increase is attributable to the planning and financing of future capital improvement projects. The City funded \$18,185,000 in capital improvement projects and new equipment purchases as listed in the City's five-year

Capital Improvement Budget and through approved Council resolutions utilizing new borrowed funds. Those projects included various street, streetscaping, alley, bridge, civic center, fire, library, park, storm sewer, transit, airport, and water projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund

Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the proprietary fund statements; and 3) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds in the form of combining statements. Budgetary information can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of La Crosse's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of La Crosse that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The government activities of the City of La Crosse include general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, culture, recreation and leisure, and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the City of La Crosse include: Airport, Parking, Sanitary Sewer Utility, Sanitary Sewer District, Storm Water Utility, and a Water Utility.

The government-wide financial statements include only the activities of the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin, like all other governmental entities in Wisconsin, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the State of Wisconsin Statutes or the City's budget resolution. All the funds of the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of La Crosse maintains approximately 45 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, HUD Programs, and the Debt Service Fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of La Crosse adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund as required by State Statute. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Mayor and Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary comparison schedule provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget resolution and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Common Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Common Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the variance between the final budget and the actual revenues and expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

The City of La Crosse maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of La Crosse uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport, Parking, La Crosse Center, Sanitary Sewer Utility, Sanitary Sewer District, Stormwater Utility, and Water Utility. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of La Crosse's various functions. The City of La Crosse uses internal service funds to account for its Liability Self-Insurance program, its Worker's Comp Self-Insurance program, its Stockroom, its Employee's Health Self-Insurance program, and its Health Care Cost Containment program. Because these services predominately benefit government rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Airport, Parking Utility, La Crosse Center, Sanitary Sewer Utility, Sanitary Sewer District, Storm Water Utility, and Water Utility, which are considered to be major funds of the City of La Crosse. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of La Crosse's programs. The agency funds maintained by the City are primarily the tax collection fund which records the tax roll and tax collections for other taxing jurisdictions and various other trust funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one of the useful indicators of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of La Crosse exceeded liabilities by \$556,736,337 as of December 31, 2024. The City's net position increased by \$20,773,275 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. However, the largest portion of the City's net position (81.12%) reflects the City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, buildings, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City of La Crosse uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of La Crosse's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's Net Position

(in thousands of dollars)

				Business-Type					
	Governmental Activities			Activities				To	tal
ASSETS		2024	2023		2024	2023		2024	2023
A	Ф	100.071	A 207 100	ф	12.216	ф. 20.724	ф	242.077	0.045.014
Assets, net of Capital Assets	\$	199,861	\$207,180		43,216	\$ 38,734	\$	243,077	\$245,914
Capital Assets not Depreciated		64,636	72,064		04,853	105,743		169,489	177,807
Capital Assets, net of Depreciation		301,695	282,564	1	75,344	164,419		477,039	446,983
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	566,192	\$561,808	\$3	323,413	\$308,896	\$	889,605	\$870,704
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension		39,958	59,325		3,616	4,871		43,574	64,196
TOTAL ASSETS AND									
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES	\$	606,150	\$621,133	\$3	327,029	\$313,767	\$	933,179	\$934,900
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND									
LIABILITIES									
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	196,643	\$216,994	\$	86,945	\$ 80,485	\$	283,588	\$297,479
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue-Tax Roll	\$	58,139	\$ 56,089	\$	2,260	\$ 2,646	\$	60,399	\$ 58,735
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension/OPEB		29,593	39,166		2,863	3,556		32,456	42,722
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	\$	87,732	\$ 95,255	\$	5,123	\$ 6,202	\$	92,855	\$101,457
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	251,115	\$249,846	\$1	200,529	\$202,069	\$	451,644	\$451,915
Restricted For:	Ψ	231,113	Ψ210,010	Ψ2	200,525	Ψ 202,009	Ψ	131,011	ψ 131,713
Special Revenue		1,320	1,060					1,320	1,060
Debt Service		18,145	17,527		_	_		18,145	17,527
		36,355	37,333		10,547	4,254		46,902	,
Capital Projects		30,333	31,333		10,34/	4,234		40,902	41,587
Other Activities		14040	2.110		- 22.005	- 20.756		20.725	-
Unrestricted	Φ.	14,840	3,118	-	23,885	20,756		38,725	23,874
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	321,775	\$308,884	\$2	234,961	\$227,079	\$	556,736	\$535,963

An additional portion of the City's net position of \$66,366,470 (11.92%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The City's total net position increased \$20,773,275 during the year. This increase was comprised of an increase in governmental type activities of \$12,890,755 and an increase in the business type activities of \$7,882,520 during the year. This change is generally due to the application of GASB Statement 75, Other post-employment benefits and the increased investment in capital assets.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of La Crosse's net position by \$12,890,755. Key elements of this increase are:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets increased by over \$1,250,000 due to increased investment in capital assets.
- Departments were required to keep 2024 budgets at 2023 levels unless increases were justified and approved by the Council.
- Actual expenditures for 2024 increased over \$3,000,000 compared to 2023, while the revenue was over \$6,138,000 higher when compared to 2023.
- Property Tax revenue increased over \$6,326,000 in 2024 compared to 2023.
- State Shared revenue increased over \$3,049,000 in 2024 compared to 2023.
- Grants and Contributions increased over \$3,348,000 in 2024 compared to 2023.

The following table represents the City's summarized operating results and their impact on net assets.

The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars)

Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total 2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 2023 Revenues: Program Revenues: Charges for Services \$ 19,813 \$ 14,402 \$ 29,401 \$ 26,399 \$ 49,214 \$ 40,801 Grants & Contributions 23,539 2,551 2,258 26,090 20,191 22,449 General Revenues: Taxes 59,314 52,988 59,314 52,988 State Shared Revenue 15,525 15,525 12,476 12,476 Interest and investment income 5,504 6,517 1,247 1,120 6,751 7,637 Miscellaneous 2,358 1,435 2,362 1,446 11 Total Revenues \$ 126,053 \$ 108,009 \$ 33,203 \$ 29,788 \$159,256 \$ 137,797 Expenses: General Government \$ 16,497 \$ 14,040 \$ 16,497 \$ 14,040 Public Safety 29,851 31,667 29,851 31,667 Public Works 23,395 26,046 23,395 26,046 Health and Human Services 170 166 170 166 Culture, Recreation and Education 24,425 21,903 24,425 21,903 Conservation & Development 13,360 4,181 13,360 4,181 Principal, Interest & Fiscal Charges 3,277 2,924 3,277 2,924 Airport 4,742 4,978 4,742 4,978 3,619 3,734 Parking 3,619 3,734 Water 4,913 4,587 4,913 4,587 Sanitary Sewer 9,665 8,450 9,665 8,450 Storm Water 2,319 1,682 2,319 1,682 Other Business-type Activities 85 85 Total Expenses \$110,975 \$ 100,927 \$ 25,352 \$ 23,516 \$136,327 \$ 124,443 Change in Net Position before Transfers \$ 15,078 7,082 7,851 \$ 6,272 \$ 22,929 \$ 13,354 Transfers (178)(103)103 178 Change in Net Position \$ 14,975 6,904 7,954 \$ \$ 22,929 \$ 13,354 6,450 Net Position, beginning of year 308,884 301,980 227,080 220,630 535,964 522,610 Prior Period Adjustment (2,085)(72)(2,157)**Equity Transfers**

Governmental Activities expenditures were higher for 2024 compared to 2023 by over \$10,000,000, partial due to salary increases, and mainly due to increased development expenditures within our TID districts.

\$321,774 \$308,884

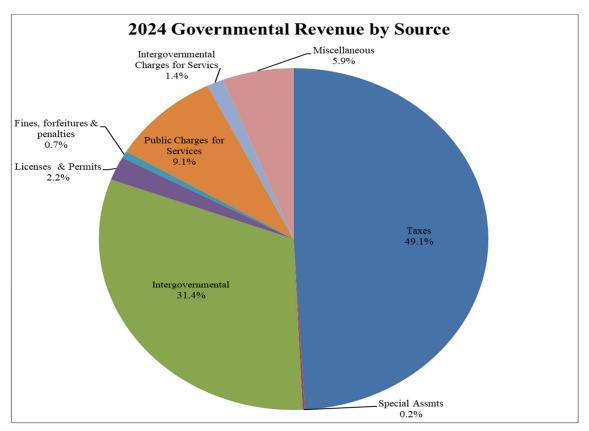
\$234,962

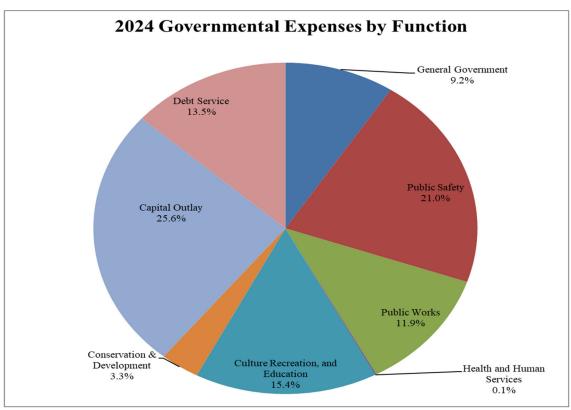
\$227,080

\$556,736 \$535,964

Net Position, end of year

The following two charts represent revenues by source and expenses by function for the City's Governmental Activities for 2024.





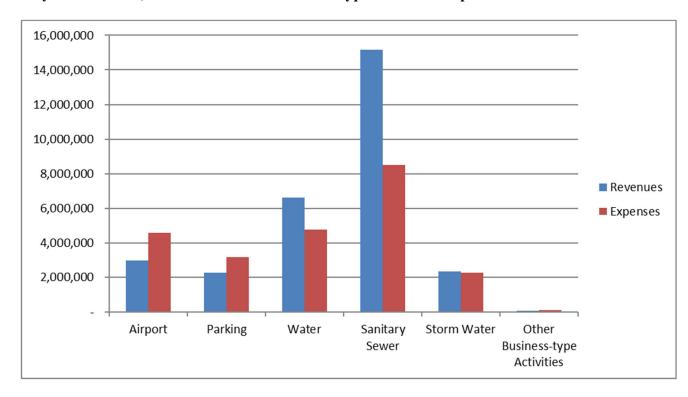
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$7,882,520. The major contributing factors to this increase for the business-type activities are as follows:

- An increase in net investment in capital assets due to finalizing several large projects.
- Revenue was more than expenses among all activities by more than \$3,400,000.
- The Water Utility is self-supporting, operating on revenues from the sales of water and from private and public fire protection. The current water rate is designed to provide a 4.0% return on the rate base. The Common Council requires future water rates be reviewed every two years with the next review scheduled to take place in 2025.
- The current Sanitary Sewer Utility and Storm Water Utility rates are designed to meet cash requirements, be consistent with existing rate design structure to maintain equitability between different sizes and classes of customers, fund capital projects, and meet debt coverage requirements.

The following chart represents the operating revenues and expenses for 2024 for the City's Business-Type Activities.

City of La Crosse, Wisconsin – 2024 Business-Type Activities Expense & Revenue



Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The remaining fund balance is designated as either nonspendable, restricted, or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for other items.

As of December 31, 2024, the City of La Crosse's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$94,503,011. Of this amount, \$25,680,482 is attributable to the General Fund balance and is designated as follows: \$1,166,975 or approximately 4.54% is designated as Nonspendable; \$24,513,507 or approximately 95.46% is designated as Unassigned.

This Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 38.76% of total general fund expenditures for 2024. The total general fund balance increased by \$4,534,991 in fiscal year 2024. Actual expenditures failed to meet final amended budgeted expenditures by approximately (\$426,340) (-0.59%). Actual revenue sources exceeded the final amended budgeted revenues in the general fund by \$4,906,470 (6.78%).

The actual revenues were higher than budgeted primarily due to:

- There was a gain in FMV of investments of \$893,228.
- Sale of land of \$590,557.
- Investment earnings exceeded expectation by \$1,123,534.

The major budget variances in the expenditure category are:

- Public Safety overspent its budget by \$30,121.
- Public Works underspent its budget by \$192,846.
- General Government overspent its collective departmental budgets by \$426,340.
- Culture, recreation, and education exceeded its collective budget by \$124,275.

Proprietary Funds

The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's Net Position Buiness-type Funds

(in thousands of dollars)

		Net Po	Cha	ange in N	et P	osition	
	2024		2023		2024	2	2023
A •	Φ	70.125	Φ 76 001	Φ	1 22 4	Φ	770
Airport	\$	78,125	\$ 76,901	\$	1,224	\$	778
Parking		33,775	33,916		(141)		(635)
Water Utility		41,420	40,203		1,217		2,096
Sewer Utility		56,161	50,362		5,799		4,097
Storm Water Utility		23,613	23,397		216		807
Sanitary Sewer District		677	670		7		7
Total	\$	233,771	\$225,449	\$	8,322	\$	7,150

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget.
- Amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources.
- Increases in appropriations that became necessary to maintain services.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of La Crosse's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024, is \$646,691,000 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$21,900,074 (3.51%). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery & equipment, infrastructure, and construction work in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year consisted of a \$11,702,901 (3.30%) increase for governmental activities and a \$10,034,380 (3.71%) increase for business-type activities.

The following capital improvement projects for 2024 are contained and financed in the City's 2024-2028 five-year Capital Improvement Program budget:

- Airport facility and runway upgrades approximately \$8,110,000.
- Capital Equipment purchases for various departments approximately \$5,444,218.
- Various Park projects approximately \$4,180,000. Major projects include flood levee rehabilitation and a new park shelter.
- Sanitary Sewer infrastructure improvement projects approximately \$5,909,000.
- Storm water improvement projects approximately \$5,543,000.
- Water improvement projects approximately \$6,371,000.
- Various street, streetscaping, and infrastructure improvement projects approximately \$11,968,000. Major projects include the reconstruction of 4 roads (Green Bay St, Jackson St, St. Andrew Street, Onalaska Ave)
- Various Economic Development and Housing projects approximately \$1,641,700.
- Various City Facilities Improvement projects approximately \$2,635,000.

The City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's Capital Assets

(in thousands of dollars)

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type				
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 14,837	\$ 13,344	\$ 7,823	\$ 7,823	\$ 22,660	\$ 21,167		
Buildings and Improvements	144,635	135,309	55,050	48,249	199,685	183,558		
Machinery and Equipment	86,475	82,069	19,698	18,990	106,173	101,059		
Infrastructure/systems	199,674	187,713	194,381	185,537	394,055	373,250		
Construction in Progress	49,799	58,720	101,016	101,907	150,815	160,627		
Capital assets being amortized	433	433	2	41	435	474		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(129,360)	(122,959)	(97,772)	(92,385)	(227,132)	(215,344)		
Total	\$366,493	\$354,629	\$280,198	\$270,162	\$646,691	\$624,791		

Long-term Debt

The City's bond rating is AA by Standard & Poor's. Due to this rating the City is able to borrow at favorable interest rates for capital projects included in its annual capital improvement budget and for other special projects.

At the end of the 2024 fiscal year, the City of La Crosse had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$144,371,390 entirely backed by the full faith and credit of the government. This represents an increase of \$2,577,057 compared to the total general obligation debt outstanding as of the end of fiscal year 2023. This increase is due primarily to scheduled borrowing for equipment and capital projects.

In 2024, the City sold two new debt instruments, a G.O. Promissory Note dated September 5, 2024 and a Sewer Revenue Bond dated May 9, 2024. The G.O. Promissory Note is a 15-year Note for \$18,185,000 at a net interest rate of 3.414%. The Revenue Bond is a 20-year Bond for \$5,805,000 at a net interest rate of 4.003%. Both issuances fund portions of the City's \$51,801,918 annual capital improvement program budget and its various projects: Street and Streetscaping projects, Bridge projects, Storm Sewer projects, Fire projects, Water Projects, Library projects, Park projects, and Miscellaneous Tax Incremental Financing projects. The issues were rated AA by Standard & Poor's.

Wisconsin State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue up to 5% of its total equalized valuation. The City of La Crosse has adopted a more stringent debt borrowing policy that states that its outstanding debt will not exceed 75% of the 5% State Statute allowable legal debt margin unless authorized by a 2/3 vote of the City Council. In addition, the City will not borrow a larger amount than is retired in the current year unless overridden by a 2/3 vote of the City Council. The current legal debt limitation for the City of La Crosse is \$281,923,595 and its outstanding debt subject to State statutory limit as of December 31, 2024 is \$144,371,390 or approximately 51.21% of the statutory limit. After calculating the amounts available in the Debt Service Fund of \$19,144,856 which results in a net margin of indebtedness of \$156,697,061.

State Statutory Debt Limit

_	2024	2023
State Debt Limit (5% of equalized value)	\$ 281,923,595	\$ 273,066,680
Applicable long-term debt	(144,371,390)	(141,794,333)
Amount available in debt service fund	19,144,856	18,527,201
Margin of Indebtness	156,697,061	149,799,548

City Policy Debt Limit

	2024		2023
City Debt Limit (75% of State Limit)	\$ 211,442,696	\$	204,800,010
Applicable long-term debt	(144,371,390)		(141,794,333)
Amount available in debt service fund	19,144,856		18,527,201
Margin of Indebtness	86,216,162	•	81,532,878

Economic Factors Influencing the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's Future

- The 2024 unadjusted unemployment rate for the La Crosse MSA was 2.8% compared to the State average of 3.0% and compared to the National average of 3.6%.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to national indices.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of La Crosse, Wisconsin's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 400 La Crosse Street, La Crosse, Wisconsin 54601.

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	F			
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE		COMPONENT
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	UNIT
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 110,828,635	\$ 20,847,269	\$ 131,675,904	\$ 1,346,873
Receivables				
Taxes	55,648,091	932,545	56,580,636	-
Accounts and other	6,038,616	6,061,850	12,100,466	-
Special assessments	498,863	4,528	503,391	-
Loans	15,926,510	-	15,926,510	300,000
Internal balances	(1,472,325)	1,472,325	-	-
Due from other governments	1,280,051	3,724	1,283,775	-
Inventories	459,350	592,960	1,052,310	-
Prepaids	753,298	553,392	1,306,690	-
Leases receivable	3,173,443	2,197,903	5,371,346	-
Restricted assets				
Cash and investments	6,726,109	10,546,677	17,272,786	-
Other assets	-	3,375	3,375	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization)	0.4.000.4.4.4	404.050.540	100 100 150	
Capital assets not being depreciated	64,636,411	104,852,742	169,489,153	26,553,620
Capital assets being depreciated	301,424,038	175,342,120	476,766,158	-
SBITA assets being amortized	271,030	1,866	272,896	20 200 402
TOTAL ASSETS	566,192,120	323,413,276	889,605,396	28,200,493
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Wisconsin Retirement System pension	37,520,562	3,269,540	40,790,102	_
Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF	1,447,449	243,742	1,691,191	_
OPEB healthcare	990,362	102,495	1,092,857	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	39,958,373	3,615,777	43,574,150	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 606,150,493	\$ 327,029,053	\$ 933,179,546	\$ 28,200,493
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 10,124,697	\$ 2,580,040	\$ 12,704,737	\$ -
Accrued liabilities				
Payroll	2,025,379	257,897	2,283,276	-
Interest	1,221,833	312,165	1,533,998	-
Other	871,051	134	871,185	-
Due to other governments	1,004,725	-	1,004,725	-
Deposit payable	294,166	-	294,166	-
Unearned revenue - other	6,560,371	- E E22 676	6,560,371	-
Current portion of long-term obligations Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	20,633,549 153,907,566	5,523,676 78,271,157	26,157,225 232,178,723	6,890,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	196,643,337	86,945,069	283,588,406	6,890,000
TOTAL LIADILITIES	100,010,001	00,010,000	200,000,100	0,000,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - tax roll	55,066,669	175,324	55,241,993	-
Leases	3,072,266	2,084,563	5,156,829	-
Wisconsin Retirement System pension	22,191,180	1,933,738	24,124,918	-
Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF	2,508,080	422,346	2,930,426	-
OPEB healthcare	4,894,131	506,506	5,400,637	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	87,732,326	5,122,477	92,854,803	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	251,115,369	200,529,391	451,644,760	19,663,620
Restricted for	201,110,000	200,020,001	.0.,0,.00	.0,000,020
Special revenue	1,319,725	_	1,319,725	_
Debt service	18,144,856	_	18,144,856	_
Capital projects	36,355,212	10,546,677	46,901,889	_
Unrestricted	14,839,668	23,885,439	38,725,107	1,646,873
TOTAL NET POSITION	321,774,830	234,961,507	556,736,337	21,310,493
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,				
AND NET POSITION	\$ 606,150,493	\$ 327,029,053	\$ 933,179,546	\$ 28,200,493
	+,.00	, ===,===,===	,,	<u>+ ==,===,</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND

PROGRAM REVENUE CHANGES IN NET POSITION CAPITAL **OPERATING CHARGES FOR GRANTS AND GRANTS AND** GOVERNMENTAL **BUSINESS-TYPE** COMPONENT **FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS EXPENSES TOTALS SERVICES** CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRIBUTIONS **ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES** UNIT PRIMARY GOVERNMENT **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** 16,497,453 General government \$ 5,075,007 7,559,452 \$ (3,862,994)(3.862.994)Public safety 29.850.983 1.456.607 2.287.320 (26, 107, 056) (26,107,056)Public works 23.395.112 1,171,672 10.922.279 (11,301,161)(11,301,161)Health and human services 170,110 (170,110)(170, 110)24.424.719 10.274.865 1.090.000 (13,059,854)Culture recreation and education (13,059,854)1,680,223 13.359.713 Conservation and development 1,835,286 (9,844,204)(9,844,204)3,276,561 Interest and fiscal charges (3,276,561)(3,276,561)19,813,437 23,539,274 (67,621,940) **TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** 110,974,651 (67,621,940)**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES** 4.742.256 2.968.191 2.550.859 \$ 776.794 776.794 Airport Parking 3.618.829 2.246.355 (1.372.474)(1,372,474)4,913,494 6,685,476 1,771,982 Water 1,771,982 9.665.453 Sewer 15.077.379 5.411.926 5.411.926 2.318.592 2.335.953 Storm 17.361 17.361 93,551 87,959 (5,592)(5,592)Sanitary Sewer District 25,352,175 29,401,313 2,550,859 6,599,997 6,599,997 TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (67,621,940) 6,599,997 (61,021,943) \$ 136,326,826 49,214,750 23,539,274 2,550,859 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT **COMPONENT UNIT** 3,698,431 9,037,465 5,339,034 Redevelopment Authority **GENERAL REVENUE** Taxes 53.901.016 Property taxes 53.901.016 5.413.196 5.413.196 Other taxes Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs 15.524.564 15.524.564 1,246,922 Interest and investment income 5,504,246 6,751,168 17,361 Miscellaneous 2.358.363 4.066 2.362.429 95.500 **TRANSFERS** (103, 146)103,146 82,598,239 1,354,134 83,952,373 112,861 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE AND TRANSFERS CHANGE IN NET POSITION 14,976,299 7,954,131 22,930,430 5,451,895 NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED 308,884,075 227,078,987 535,963,062 15,858,598 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (2.085,544)(71,611)(2,157,155)306,798,531 227,007,376 533.805.907 15,858,598 NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED **NET POSITION - END OF YEAR** 321,774,830 234,961,507 556,736,337 21,310,493

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>	GENERAL FUND	HUD GRANTS	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and investments	\$ 26,151,861	\$ 1,267,212	\$ 18,084,067	\$ 58,323,111	\$ 103,826,251
Receivables					
Taxes	41,950,258	-	-	13,697,833	55,648,091
Accounts and other	1,024,202	2,666,897	332,623	1,185,083	5,208,805
Special assessments Loan	-	- 10,262,387	- 1,675,000	498,863 3,989,123	498,863 15.926.510
Due from other funds	974.464	10,202,307	1,073,000	3,909,123	974.464
Due from other governments	4,765	106,063	_	1,158,554	1,269,382
Inventories	-	-	-	257,139	257,139
Prepaids	120,826	-	-	605,994	726,820
Leases receivable	188,162	-		2,985,281	3,173,443
Advances to other funds	678,277		1,000,000	147,802	1,826,079
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 71,092,815	\$ 14,302,559	\$ 21,091,690	\$ 82,848,783	\$ 189,335,847
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,460,845	\$ 84,793	\$ 2,211	\$ 2,132,587	\$ 3,680,436
Accrued expenses					
Payroll	1,785,946	-	-	213,071	1,999,017
Interest Other	139 140,594	-	-	5,853	5,992 140,594
Other Due to other governments	140,594	-	-	- 1,004,515	1,004,725
Deposit payable	222,770	7,190	-	64,206	294,166
Unearned revenue - other	39,682	12,894,834	1,944,623	11,167,733	26,046,872
Advances from other funds	-	250,000	-	2,799,171	3,049,171
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,650,186	13,236,817	1,946,834	17,387,136	36,220,973
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - tax roll	41,582,386	_	_	13,484,283	55,066,669
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-	_	_	472,928	472,928
Leases	179,761	-	-	2,892,505	3,072,266
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	41,762,147			16,849,716	58,611,863
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	1,166,975	_	1.000.000	1.010.935	3.177.910
Restricted		1,065,742	18,144,856	36,609,195	55,819,793
Committed	-	-	-, ,	11,472,152	11.472.152
Unassigned	24,513,507			(480,351)	24,033,156
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	25,680,482	1,065,742	19,144,856	48,611,931	94,503,011
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$ 71,092,815	\$ 14,302,559	\$ 21,091,690	\$ 82,848,783	\$ 189,335,847

RECONCILATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	\$	94,503,011
\$ 496,127,051 (129,795,572)		366,331,479
		20,003,738
		14,268,751
		(3,903,769)
		6,328,576
\$ (130,381,585) (5,453,531) (1,215,841) (4,624,423) (8,201,092) (25,880,484)	<u></u>	(175,756,956) 321,774,830
\$	\$ (130,381,585) (5,453,531) (1,215,841) (4,624,423) (8,201,092)	\$ 496,127,051 (129,795,572) \$ (130,381,585) (5,453,531) (1,215,841) (4,624,423) (8,201,092)

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSINSTATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

DEVENUE		GENERAL FUND	FEDERAL GRANTS	HUD GRANTS	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUE	•	10 505 111	•	•		4 45 005 047	
Taxes	\$	42,565,441	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,124	\$ 15,005,647	\$ 59,314,212
Special assessment		-	-	- 4 400 005	-	222,984	222,984
Intergovernmental		22,797,242	-	1,163,285	-	13,992,307	37,952,834
Licenses and permits		1,944,819	-	-	-	753,096	2,697,915
Fines, forfeits, and penalties		811	-	.	-	800,547	801,358
Public charges for services		2,582,397	-	1,025,393	-	7,451,537	11,059,327
Intergovernmental charges for services		1,218,657	-	-	-	475,236	1,693,893
Miscellaneous		2,475,293	-	37,723	1,340,604	3,273,894	7,127,514
Change in fair value of investments		462,361				45,000	507,361
TOTAL REVENUE		74,047,021		2,226,401	3,083,728	42,020,248	121,377,398
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		9,825,588	-	-	71,951	3,054,935	12,952,474
Public safety		28,314,119	-	-	-	1,137,253	29,451,372
Public works		9,656,086	-	-	-	7,051,854	16,707,940
Health and human services		-	-	-	-	170,110	170,110
Culture, recreation, and education		14,310,005	-	-	-	7,239,703	21,549,708
Conservation and development		369,259	-	2,000,588	-	2,241,328	4,611,175
Debt service							
Principal		353,887	-	-	12,371,039	2,607,351	15,332,277
Interest		402	-	-	3,136,443	213,152	3,349,997
Other		-	-	-	178,019	-	178,019
Capital outlay		411,944				35,515,875	35,927,819
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		63,241,290		2,000,588	15,757,452	59,231,561	140,230,891
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		10,805,731		225,813	(12,673,724)	(17,211,313)	(18,853,493)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		2.559.642		47,468	11,233,107	12,437,058	26,277,275
Transfers (out)		(9,507,310)	-	47,400	11,233,107	(16,873,111)	(26,380,421)
Sale of capital assets			-	11 105	102 220		1,333,308
·		631,066	-	11,425	102,228	588,589	
Lease proceeds		-	-	-	- 04.050	30,595	30,595
Issuance of long-term debt		45.000	-	-	84,353	18,907,261	18,991,614
Subscription-based IT arrangements		45,862	-	-	1 071 601	-	45,862 1,871,691
Premium on long-term debt		(6.270.740)	<u>-</u>	58,893	1,871,691	15 000 202	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(6,270,740)		58,893	13,291,379	15,090,392	22,169,924
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,534,991		284,706	617,655	(2,120,921)	3,316,431
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED		21,145,491	279,349	781,036	18,527,201	50,453,503	91,186,580
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		۱, ۱۹۵,۹۵۱ د م	(279,349)	701,030	10,021,201	279,349	31,100,300
CHANGE WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY		24 445 404	(213,349)	704 000	40.507.004		04.400.500
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED		21,145,491		781,036	18,527,201	50,732,852	91,186,580
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	25,680,482	<u> </u>	\$ 1,065,742	\$ 19,144,856	\$ 48,611,931	\$ 94,503,011

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,316,431
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements	\$ 35,927,819	
Less noncapitalized outlay Depreciation and amortization expense reported in the statement of activities Less cost of capital assets disposed	(13,936,634) (9,562,893) (725,392)	
Amount by which capital outlays are greater than depreciation in the current period:		11,702,900
The proceeds from long-term obligations are reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. In the statement of net position however, long-term obligations are not reported as a financing source, but		
rather constitute a long-term liability.		(19,068,071)
Certain employee benefits are reported in the governmental funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year.		(204 556)
This year the accrual of these benefits increased by:		(381,556)
Certain revenue is unavailable in the governmental funds because it is not available to pay current period expenditures. In the statement of activities these are recorded as revenue in the current year:		3,343,390
Wisconsin Retirement System pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources changes:		1,272,441
Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF deferred outflows of resources, liability, and deferred inflows of resources changes:		(301,315)
Other post-employment benefits deferred outflows of resources, liability, and deferred inflows of resources changes:		3,852,327
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.		
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:		15,332,277
Governmental funds report the effect of debt discounts and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
The net effect of these differences in the current year:		(1,443,921)
Net change due to internal services funds incorporated into the statement of activities: Transfers from business-type funds for internal service fund activity:	\$ (2,912,001) 439,712	(2,472,289)
In governmental funds interest payments and other debt costs on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities it is reported as it accrues.	¢ 1 21E 941	
The amount of interest and other debt costs paid during the current period The amount of interest and other debt costs accrued during the current period	\$ 1,215,841 (1,392,156)	
Interest paid is less than interest accrued by:		(176,315)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 14,976,299

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	AIRPORT	PARKING	SEWER	WATER	STORM	NONMAJOR SANITARY DISTRICT	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 7,819,035	\$ 2,479,426	\$ 4,817,417	\$ 5,416,113	\$ -	\$ 315,278	\$ 20,847,269	\$ 13,681,481
Accounts receivable	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,		•	,	, ,	· , , ,
Customer	160,413	1,074,842	2,876,815	1,328,337	417,797	70,314	5,928,518	829,811
Other	, <u>-</u>	9,412	49,944	57,747	16,229	· -	133,332	, <u>-</u>
Taxes	-	175,324	370,819	280,361	106,041	-	932,545	-
Due from other governments	_	7	3,096	621	-	-	3,724	10,669
Inventories	17,216	-	6	575,738	-	-	592,960	202,211
Prepaids	523,632	558	5,403	20,852	2,947	-	553,392	26,478
Restricted cash								
Cash	800,835		9,611,104	134,738			10,546,677	47,012
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	9,321,131	3,739,569	17,734,604	7,814,507	543,014	385,592	39,538,417	14,797,662
NONCURRENT ASSETS								
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization)								
Capital assets not being depreciated	24,971,681	3,807,212	68,862,810	4,213,842	2,997,197	-	104,852,742	-
Capital assets being depreciated	46,171,138	38,150,636	37,128,391	33,237,291	20,363,296	291,368	175,342,120	-
SBITA assets being amortized			622	622	622		1,866	
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	71,142,819	41,957,848	105,991,823	37,451,755	23,361,115	291,368	280,196,728	
Other assets								
Special assessments receivable	-	-	-	4,528	-	-	4,528	-
Other property	-	-	-	3,375	-	-	3,375	-
Leases receivable	2,197,903	-	-	-	-	-	2,197,903	-
Advances to other funds		1,000,000	20,728	202,364			1,223,092	150,000
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	2,197,903	1,000,000	20,728	210,267			3,428,898	150,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	73,340,722	42,957,848	106,012,551	37,662,022	23,361,115	291,368	283,625,626	150,000
TOTAL ASSETS	82,661,853	46,697,417	123,747,155	45,476,529	23,904,129	676,960	323,164,043	14,947,662
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Wisconsin Retirement System pension	593,377	429,195	781,857	1,057,518	407,593	-	3,269,540	-
Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF	-	35,135	63,567	107,852	37,188	-	243,742	-
OPEB healthcare	8,344	18,508	16,087	59,556	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	102,495	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	601,721	482,838	861,511	1,224,926	444,781		3,615,777	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES	\$ 83,263,574	\$ 47,180,255	\$ 124,608,666	\$ 46,701,455	\$ 24,348,910	\$ 676,960	\$ 326,779,820	\$ 14,947,662

(Continued on page 28)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	AIRPORT	PARKING	SEWER	WATER	STORM	NONMAJOR SANITARY DISTRICT	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 129,337	\$ 28,304	\$ 1,600,226	\$ 603,862	\$ 218,309	\$ 2	\$ 2,580,040	\$ 6.444.261
Accounts payable	Φ 129,337	р 20,304	\$ 1,000,220	\$ 003,002	\$ 210,309	Φ	\$ 2,560,040	\$ 6,444,261
Accrued liabilities	49,146	37.056	76.160	70.005	22.470	_	257,897	26.262
Payroll Interest	21,093	92,708	198,364	73,365	22,170	-	312,165	26,362
Other	21,093	92,700	190,304	-	-	134	134	730,457
Due to other funds	-	-	-	900,886	40,714	134	941,600	32,864
Unearned revenue - other	-	-	-	900,000	40,7 14	-	941,000	44,309
Current portion of long-term obligations	380,793	948,085	3,615,789	579,009		-	5,523,676	44,309
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	580,369	1,106,153	5,490,539	2,157,122	281,193	136	9,615,512	7,278,253
TOTAL CONNENT LIABILITIES	000,000	1,100,100	0,400,000	2,107,122	201,130	100	3,010,012	7,270,200
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Long-term obligations	2,081,726	11,718,020	62,304,836	2,017,473	149,102	-	78,271,157	-
Advances from other funds	<u>-</u>							150,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	2,081,726	11,718,020	62,304,836	2,017,473	149,102		78,271,157	150,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,662,095	12,824,173	67,795,375	4,174,595	430,295	136	87,886,669	7,428,253
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - tax roll		175,324					175,324	
Leases	2.084.563	175,524	-	-	-	-	2.084.563	-
Wisconsin Retirement System pension	2,064,503 350,947	253,843	462,422	625,459	241,067	-	1,933,738	-
Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF	330,947	60,881	110,146	186,881	64,438	-	422,346	-
OPEB healthcare	41,235	91,461	79,498	294,312	04,430		506,506	_
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,476,745	581,509	652,066	1,106,652	305,505		5,122,477	
TOTAL DELICITIED IN LOWG OF NEGOCIOLS	2,410,140	001,000	002,000	1,100,002			0,122,411	
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	69,010,953	29,950,061	40,934,525	36,981,369	23,361,115	291,368	200,529,391	-
Restricted for other	800,835	-	9,611,104	134,738	-	-	10,546,677	47,012
Unrestricted	8,312,946	3,824,512	5,615,596	4,304,101	251,995	385,456	22,694,606	7,472,397
TOTAL NET POSITION	78,124,734	33,774,573	56,161,225	41,420,208	23,613,110	676,824	233,770,674	7,519,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 83,263,574	\$ 47,180,255	\$ 124,608,666	\$ 46,701,455	\$ 24,348,910	\$ 676,960	\$ 326,779,820	\$ 14,947,662
	Net position - total enterprise funds Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service activities related to enterprise funds NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES \$ 233,770,6 1,190,8 \$ 234,961,5							

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	DUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES							GOVERNMENTAL
	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NONMAJOR						ACTIVITIES	
	AIRPORT	PARKING	SEWER	WATER	STORM	SANITARY DISTRICT	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE
OPERATING REVENUE Charges for services	\$ 2,921,996	\$ 2,240,788	\$ 15,010,064	\$ 6,300,468	\$ 2,317,744	\$ 87,959	\$ 28,879,019	\$ -
Interdepartmental sales	Ψ 2,321,330	Ψ 2,240,700	ψ 13,010,00 4 -	φ 0,300,400	Ψ 2,517,744	ψ 07,353 -	Ψ 20,079,019	14,434,410
Forfeited discounts	-	-	-	63,068	-	-	63,068	-
Other revenue	41,579	5,567	137,642	250,737	18,130		453,655	1,470,639
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	2,963,575	2,246,355	15,147,706	6,614,273	2,335,874	87,959	29,395,742	15,905,049
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Plant and maintenance expenses:								
Salaries and wages	1,286,495	1,024,058	1,997,245	1,389,191	841,616	-	6,538,605	938,585
Power	-	-	-	317,925	-	-	317,925	-
Chemicals	-	-	-	81,371	-	-	81,371	-
Supplies and expenses	312,227 391,865	113,185 178,919	3,235,692 639,987	754,103 195,566	405,093 204,112	55,809 9,815	4,876,109 1,620,264	1,047,836
Repairs and maintenance TOTAL PLANT AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	1,990,587	1,316,162	5,872,924	2,738,156	1,450,821	65,624	13,434,274	1,986,421
TOTAL I LANT AND IMAINTENANCE EXI ENGLG		.,,			.,,			
General expenses:	40.000	44.000		=0.440			404.500	400.070
Office supplies and other expenses	10,233	11,093	23,604	72,413	4,042	207	121,592	190,270
Outside services employed	441,868	357,005	889,593	336,061	296,091	25,742	2,346,360	60,125
Insurance expense Employee benefits	129,228	89,037	137,736	32,280 60,574	11,634	-	399,915 60,574	2,602,803 14,485,076
Miscellaneous general expenses	1,219	11,313	192,601	108,668	50,340	-	364,141	14,405,070
Transportation	89,904	32,077	19,069	53	6,239	-	147,342	-
TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES	672,452	500,525	1,262,603	610,049	368,346	25,949	3,439,924	17,338,274
Depreciation	1,876,367	1,310,604	1,222,556	1,308,273	377,795	1,978	6,097,573	_
Amortization		-	13,159	13,159	13,159	,0.0	39,477	_
Taxes	59,660	45,909	129,034	102,672	38,566		375,841	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	4,599,066	3,173,200	8,500,276	4,772,309	2,248,687	93,551	23,387,089	19,324,695
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,635,491)	(926,845)	6,647,430	1,841,964	87,187	(5,592)	6,008,653	(3,419,646)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)								
Interest income	383,645	140,584	393,886	258,877	57,318	12,612	1,246,922	507,645
Miscellaneous revenue	4,616	-	(70,327)	71,203	79	-	5,571	-
Sale of capital assets	14,640	(5,150)	(3,857)	-	-	-	5,633	-
Interest expense	(79,206)	(401,429) 36,662	(1,061,158)	(21,793)	(17)	-	(1,563,603) 36,662	-
Amortization TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)	323,695	(229,333)	(741,456)	308,287	57,380	12,612	(268,815)	507,645
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	(1,311,796)	(1,156,178)	5,905,974	2,150,251	144,567	7,020	5,739,838	(2,912,001)
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)		1,023,031	(90,156)	(901,621)	71,892	-	103,146	-
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,550,859						2,550,859	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,239,063	(133,147)	5,815,818	1,248,630	216,459	7,020	8,393,843	(2,912,001)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED	76,900,920	33,916,045	50,362,345	40,202,677	23,396,651	669,804	225,448,442	10,431,410
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	(15,249)	(8,325)	(16,938)	(31,099)			(71,611)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	76,885,671	33,907,720	50,345,407	40,171,578	23,396,651	669,804	225,376,831	10,431,410
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 78,124,734	\$ 33,774,573	\$ 56,161,225	\$ 41,420,208	\$ 23,613,110	\$ 676,824	\$233,770,674	\$ 7,519,409

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
	NONMAJOR							
	AIRPORT	PARKING	SEWER	WATER	STORM	SANITARY DISTRICT	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	And Ord	1 Artituto	OLWER	WATER	OTOTAN	BioTitioT	TOTALO	OLIVIOL
Receipts from customers	\$ 3,015,198	\$ 2,107,127	\$ 13,411,587	\$ 5,539,238	\$ 2,331,563	\$ 84,199	\$ 26,488,912	\$ 1,440,546
Receipts from municipality	-	(7)	706,771	1,166,980	39,587	-	1,913,331	14,475,528
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,549,210)	(849,105)	(6,372,470)	(6,530,714)	(2,538,134)	(91,571)	(17,931,204)	(4,495,378)
Payments for employees wages and benefits	(1,452,807)	(1,093,603)	(2,123,584)	(1,783,121)	(875,949)	(7.070)	(7,329,064)	(15,397,299)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	13,181	164,412	5,622,304	(1,607,617)	(1,042,933)	(7,372)	3,141,975	(3,976,603)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,023,031	(90,156)	(004 604)	71,892		103,146	
Transfer from (to) governmental funds		1,023,031	(90,156)	(901,621)	/ 1,092		103,146	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,845,791)	(206,058)	(8,880,535)	(375,718)	(1,466,688)	-	(12,774,790)	-
Retirement of long-term debt	(466,737)	(767,887)	(2,756,093)	(188,397)	(13,306)	-	(4,192,420)	-
Issuance of long-term debt	(04.044)	143,813	15,583,593	(22.426)	(200)	-	15,727,406	-
Interest paid Contributed capital	(81,844) 2,550,859	(408,229)	(999,447)	(22,136)	(360)	-	(1,512,016) 2,550,859	-
Advances from other funds, net	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,000
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	156,487	(1,238,361)	2,947,518	(586,251)	(1,480,354)		(200,961)	150,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received	387,430	177,246	393,886	258,877	57,318	12,612	1,287,369	507,645
Advance to other funds, net								(150,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	387,430	177,246	393,886	258,877	57,318	12,612	1,287,369	357,645
NET CHANGE IN CASH AN CASH EQUIVALENTS	557,098	126,328	8,873,552	(2,836,612)	(2,394,077)	5,240	4,331,529	(3,468,958)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,062,772	2,353,098	5,554,969	8,387,463	2,394,077	310,038	27,062,417	17,197,451
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,619,870	\$ 2,479,426	\$ 14,428,521	\$ 5,550,851	\$ -	\$ 315,278	\$ 31,393,946	\$ 13,728,493
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating (loss) income	\$ (1,635,491)	\$ (926,845)	\$ 6,647,430	\$ 1,841,964	\$ 87,187	\$ (5,592)	\$ 6,008,653	\$ (3,419,646)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities								
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities	1,876,367	1,310,604	1,235,715	1,321,432	390,954	1,978	6,137,050	-
Decrease (increase) in assets								
Receivables - customers	51,623	(136,393)	(868,627)	68,072	19,367	(3,760)	(869,718)	(391,731)
Receivables - other	-	(2,835)	(157,625)	(30,369)	(23,678)	-	(214,507)	-
Due from other governments	-	(7)	(3,096)	(621)	-	-	(3,724)	(10,669)
Inventories	(3,674) (22,834)	4,915	(4.204)	157,408	(2.022)	-	153,734	(66,951) (14,379)
Prepaid expenses Leases receivable	(22,634) 278,347	4,915	(1,381)	(6,872)	(2,023)	-	(28,195) 278,347	(14,379)
Wisconsin Retirement System pension	(12,917)	(13,943)	(15,871)	(101,645)	(52,712)	-	(197,088)	-
Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF	(117,944)	16,991	15,938	(17,881)	9,932	-	(92,964)	-
OPEB healthcare	(54,217)	(90,017)	(176,947)	(225,144)	-	-	(546,325)	-
Decrease (increase) in liabilities	00.000	(45.400)	(4.400.770)	(4.000.400)	(4.540.004)		(7,000,500)	(400.040)
Accounts payable Payroll payable	22,803 11,603	(15,482) 12,572	(1,103,773) 21,816	(4,680,138) 19,955	(1,519,994) 8,447	2	(7,296,582) 74,393	(486,912) 26,362
other accrued expenses	7,163	4,852	28,725	(8,641)	- 0,447	-	32,099	354,459
Due to other funds	-	-	-	54,863	40,714	-	95,577	32,864
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	(387,648)	-	-	-	-	-	(387,648)	-
Due to other governments					(1,127)		(1,127)	
Total adjustments	1,648,672	1,091,257	(1,025,126)	(3,449,581)	(1,130,120)	(1,780)	(2,866,678)	(556,957)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 13,181	\$ 164,412	\$ 5,622,304	\$ (1,607,617)	\$ (1,042,933)	\$ (7,372)	\$ 3,141,975	\$ (3,976,603)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR								
Cash and investments	\$ 7,819,035	\$ 2,479,426	\$ 4,817,417	\$ 5,416,113	\$ -	\$ 315,278	\$ 20,847,269	\$ 13,681,481
Restricted cash	800,835		9,611,104	134,738	-	£ 245.272	10,546,677	47,012
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 8,619,870	\$ 2,479,426	\$ 14,428,521	\$ 5,550,851	-	\$ 315,278	\$ 31,393,946	\$ 13,728,493

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$ 35,543,697 17,091,161 2,587
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 52,637,445
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 235,908
Due to other governments	35,205,888
Due to others	121,795
TOTAL LIABILITIES	35,563,591
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	17,091,161
NET POSITION	
Restricted for other governments	(17,307)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 52,637,445

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	CUSTODIALFUNDS
ADDITIONS	
Collections for other governments	\$ 54,377,332
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to other governments	54,377,332
Payments to others	4
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	54,377,336
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	(17,303)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ (17,307)

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of La Crosse (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as applied to government units.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the City are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated under the provisions of Chapter 280, Laws of Wisconsin, 1883. The City operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The City's basic financial statements include one component unit, as defined in GASB 14 and amended by GASB 39 and GASB 61.

The basis criterion for including a legally separate organization as a component unit is the degree of financial accountability the City has with the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship needs to be present between the primary government and that organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. The following circumstances set forth the City's financial accountability for a legally separate organization:

- a) The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the Organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization, or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- b) The City may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the City regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed governing board.

In addition, the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading.

Discretely Presented Component Unit: The Redevelopment Authority of the City of La Crosse carries out blight eliminations, slum clearance, and urban renewal projects. The Authority consists of seven members who service five-year terms, with one member being a common council member. The members must be residents of the City of La Crosse. Members are appointed by the Mayor, subject to approval by four-fifths of the Council. Current audited financial information is included in the City's financial statements. A separate audited financial statement was not issued.

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City is based upon criteria established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board. All functions of the City for which it exercises oversight responsibility are included. The oversight responsibility includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters and special financing relationships. The report contains the La Crosse Public Library, La Crosse Center, La Crosse Municipal Airport, La Crosse Water Utility, Tax Incremental Districts No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21 and other funds and departments which are part of the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

The financial statements exclude the accounts of the City of La Crosse Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority"). The Housing Authority is a separate legal entity that administers federal and state funds to improve housing conditions in the City. Although the Governing Board is appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council, the City does not have the ability to impose its will on the Housing Authority nor does a financial benefit or burden exist with the Housing Authority. The grantor agencies and Housing Authority Board control the management, budget, and policies of the Housing Authority.

The financial statements also exclude the accounts of the La Crosse Public Schools and Winding Rivers Library System because these entities operate with separate governing boards that are not under the control or oversight of the City.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's proprietary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenue are reported as general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category -governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary- are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

 Total assets, liabilities, revenue, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

HUD Grants Fund - The HUD Grants Fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures of Community Development Block Grant Funds and HOME Partnership program funds.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Municipal Airport - This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and construction projects related to the airport.

Parking Utility - This fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and construction of the City's parking facilities as well as on-street parking.

Water Utility - All activities necessary to provide water services to residents of the City and outlaying areas. Fund activities include administration, billing and collection, operations, maintenance, and financing.

Sewer Utility - This fund is used to account for sewage fees, collected from customers connected to the City's sewer system and for all expenses of operating this system.

Storm Utility - This fund is used to account for storm water fees, collected from consumers based on equivalent run-off units, and for all expenses of operating the system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for funds that provide goods and services to other funds and departments within the City. The City has established seven internal service funds that are used to provide liability self-insurance, workers' compensation self-insurance, stockroom services, health self-insurance, Section 125 flex spending, fuel management, and payroll liabilities.

Fiduciary Custodial Fund Types - Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity, or as an agent for individual, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and unavailable revenue. They are recognized as revenue in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when they become measurable and available as current assets. Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Grants are recorded as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

The proprietary funds and internal service funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

The proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenue and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the water and sewer utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Cash and Investments - Cash and investments, as classified in the statement of cash flows, consists of highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made in the accompanying proprietary fund financial statements because the water and sewer utility has the right to place delinquent bills on the tax roll.

Due To/From Advance To/From Other Funds - During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as due to and from other funds. Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as advances from and to other funds. In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation. Eliminations have been made for amounts due to/from and advance to/from within the same fund type on the government-wide statements.

Interfund Transactions - Non-exchange transactions which are not borrowing/lending (will not be repaid) are recorded as transfers, and exchange transactions are recorded as revenue and expenditures or expenses.

Inventory - Inventory is priced at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. A nonspendable fund balance has been recognized in governmental funds for these non-liquid assets to signify a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Prepaids - Cash payments benefiting future periods have been recorded as prepaid items. They will be reflected as expenditures or expenses when incurred in the subsequent year. A nonspendable fund balance has been recognized in governmental funds for these non-liquid assets to signify a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Restricted Cash and Investments - Restricted cash and investments are restricted assets set aside for longer term goals. The City's restricted cash includes the following:

Airport - Passenger facility charges collections.

<u>Sewer</u> - Resources set aside for repairs and maintenance of the sewer plant as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, and bond redemption.

Water - Proceeds from bonds.

Storm - Proceeds from bonds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated acquisition value at the time received. General infrastructure assets, such as roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, streets, sidewalks and drainage and lighting systems, acquired prior to January 1, 2003, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Water, sewer, and storm water utility assets are being depreciated using rates prescribed by the Wisconsin Public Service Commission.

Major capital outlays for capital assets of business-type activities are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capitalization thresholds and the estimated useful lives for the City are as follows:

Capital Asset Category	talization reshold	Estimated Useful Life
Infrastructure	\$ 10,000	75
Land	-	N/A
Land improvements	10,000	10-100
Buildings/structures/building improvements	10,000	40-100
Machinery and equipment	10,000	5-100
Vehicles	10,000	10-30

Leases - The City is a lessor because it leases capital assets to other entities. The lease receivable is measured using the present value of payments to be received during the lease term. The corresponding deferred inflows of resources are recognized as inflows over the lease term.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) - The SBITA liability is measured using the present value of payments to be made during the subscription term. The corresponding intangible right-to-use capital asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life.

Debt Premiums and Discounts - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable debt premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

Compensated Absences - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick, and comp pay benefits. Vacation, sick, and compensation pay is accrued when benefits are considered more likely than not to be used or settled at separation in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements. Vacation, sick, and compensation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Pensions - The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset),
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions,
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Pensions - The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset),
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions,
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) LRLIF - The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring following:

- Net OPEB Liability,
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits, and
- OPEB Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Healthcare - The fiduciary net position of the OPEB healthcare has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB healthcare, OPEB healthcare expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB healthcare and additions to/deductions from OPEB healthcare's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the Wisconsin Retirement System pension, Wisconsin Retirement System Local Retire Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF), and OPEB healthcare and result from changes in their actuarial studies and are amortized over the average of the excepted remaining service lives of participants.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position which applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City has five items that qualify for reporting in this category: Unavailable revenue, leases, Wisconsin Retirement System pension, LRLIF OPEB, and Healthcare OPEB. The unavailable revenue is from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. The unavailable revenue and leases are deferred and recognized as an inflow in the period the amount becomes available. The Wisconsin Retirement System pension, Wisconsin Retirement System LRLIF, and OPEB healthcare result from changes in their actuarial studies and are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of participants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Claims and Judgments - They are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Net Position Classifications - Net position represents the difference between the total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Fund Balance Classifications - The City classifies its fund equity as follows:

- 1. Nonspendable fund balance consists of equity not in a spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted fund balance consists of equity constrained to specific purposes by their providers, externally imposed by creditors, constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance consists of equity constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision making authority City Council policies.
- 4. Assigned fund balance consists of equity the governing body intends to use for a specific purpose, intent can be expressed by the governing body. The City Council has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balances through its financial management policy.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance consists of equity available for any purpose.

When net losses occur, it is the City's policy to record the net loss against committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and lastly to unassigned fund balance. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

State and Federal Aids - State general and categorical aids are recognized as revenue in the entitlement year. Federal aids and certain state aids for reimbursable programs are recognized as revenue in the year related program expenditures are incurred. Aids received prior to meeting revenue recognition criteria are recorded as deferred revenue.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events - The City evaluated subsequent events through July 31, 2025, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Changes in Accounting Principle - As discussed in Note 17, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, and GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 - Cash and Investments

State statutes permit the City and the Component Unit to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits of authorized depositories, state obligations, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, repurchase agreements and other investments secured by federal securities, high grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled-investment fund administered by the state investment board. Available balances in the Debt Service Fund may be invested in municipal obligations, obligations of the United States and the local government pooled-investment fund. No significant violations of these restrictions occurred during the year.

As of December 31, 2024, the City had the following investments:

INVESTMENT	WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITIES	FAIR <u>VALUE</u>
Ctata of Microproje Investment Deal	l ace then are were	ф эс соэ сио
State of Wisconsin Investment Pool Government Securities	Less than one year More than one year	\$ 36,693,648 45,848,273
Repurchase Agreements	Less than one year	29,977,195
Corporate Bonds	More than one year	8,805,910
Bond Mutual Funds	Less than one year	1,238,959
Equity Mutual Funds	Less than one year	618,309
TOTAL		<u>\$ 123,182,294</u>

Determining Fair Value - The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurement:

- 1) State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool fair value is determined by the Pool's investment board based on published market quotations (level 2 inputs).
- 2) Government Securities, Corporate Bonds, and Bond and Equity Mutual Funds are determined based on published market quotations (level 1 inputs).
- 3) Deposits and investments with stated interest rates (saving accounts, CD, REPO) are stated at cost.

Investment Pool Information - Participation in the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool is voluntary. The Pool's regulatory oversight is provided by state statutes and its investment board. The fair value of the City's position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares. At December 31, 2024, the Pool's fair value was 100 percent of book value.

Income Allocation - Investment income is generally allocated to the fund that owns the investment.

Interest Rate Risk - State statutes limit investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to mature or may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years of the date acquired. The City has a formal investment policy that would further limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State statutes limit investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. All investments subject to credit risk had an S&P Rating of A- or higher and a Moody's Rating of A2 or higher as of December 31, 2024. The State of Wisconsin Investment Pool is not rated, however, the investments at all times consist solely of securities and instruments in which municipalities are permitted to invest.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 - Cash and Investments - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial credit is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's and the Component Unit's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2024, \$40,697,016 of the City's and the Component Unit's bank balance of \$55,570,453 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured, collateral pledged by bank in City's and the Component Unit's name

\$ 40.697.016

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - Custodial credit is the risk that, in the event the failure of the counterparty, the City's investments may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2024, \$29,977,195 of the City's investments subject to custodial credit risk of \$29,977,195 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured, collateral pledged by bank in City's name

\$ 29,977,195

NOTE 3 - Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property in December when the tax roll is certified. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are payable in four installments in January, March, May, and July, or are payable in full on January 31. The Component Unit has outstanding economic development loans. Special assessments, charges, and personal property taxes are payable in full on January 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the State, County, Area Technical College, and Area Public Schools until August 12, at which time all uncollected real estate taxes are turned over to the county for collection. Collection of the taxes and remittance of them to the appropriate entities are accounted for in the Property Tax Agency Fund. City property tax revenue is recognized in the year it is levied for and available for use. The 2024 tax roll (levied for 2025) has been set up as a receivable and offset by the amounts due to other governmental units and deferred tax roll revenue for the City's portion. Advance tax collections are offset against the receivable.

NOTE 4 - Rehabilitation Loans

The City has outstanding Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG) and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) loans receivable with various businesses and homeowners. These loans are originally made from grant proceeds. The Component Unit has outstanding economic development loans. The loan agreements provide for various repayment options, including installment payments and payment in full upon transfer of the property secured by the loans. When the loans are repaid, the funds become the property of the City and are restricted for future rehabilitation loan projects.

The loans activity for the year was as follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	BALANCES 1/1/24	ADDITIONS	PAYMENTS, FOREGIVENESS & FORECLOSURES	-
Housing Rehabilitation	\$ 13,500	\$ -	\$ (1,500)	\$ 12,000
HOME Program NSP Program	1,752,297 33,300	=	(27,598)	1,724,699 33.300
Replacement Housing	3,179,696	959,984	(24,543)	4,115,137
TID #11	67,392	303,304	(24,545)	67,392
TID #14	235,650	-	-	235,650
TID #15	295,292	-	(18,637)	276,655
Economic Development	3,487,547	1,511,127	(191,958)	4,806,716
TID #13	37,607	-	-	37,607
Residential Rehabilitation	4,091,735	264,283	(288,664)	4,067,354
TID #18	-	550,000	·	550,000
TOTAL	<u>\$ 13,194,016</u>	<u>\$ 3,285,394</u>	<u>\$ (552,900</u>)	<u>\$ 15,926,510</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 4 - Rehabilitation Loans - Continued

Interest receivable of \$3,351,751 associated with these loans is included in the Accounts and Other Receivable line of the balance sheet.

COMPONENT UNIT Economic Development	<u>1/1/24</u> \$ 338.000	ADDITIONS	* (38.000)	12/31/24 \$ 300.000	
		1/1/24 ADDITIONS			
	BALANCE		PAYMENTS FORGIVENESS	BALANCE	

NOTE 5 - Leases Receivable

The City is the lessor in various noncancellable leases of land and buildings. The initial lease receivable is recorded using the rate stated in the lease or the City's incremental borrowing rate at the time of lease inception. The term of the lease includes all optional periods in which the City believes the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the option. Leases with periodic percentage rent increases or flat rate rent increases that are specified in the lease terms are included in the measurement of the lease receivable. As of December 31, 2024, the City's leases receivable balance of \$5,371,346 was comprised of the following:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Five building or structure leases for which the City recognized \$209,027 of lease revenue and \$55,809 of interest revenue during the year, at interest rates ranging from 0.47% to 1.17%, with remaining lease terms ranging from 3 to 9 years.

1,961,196

Nine land leases for which the City recognized \$174,713 of lease revenue and \$13,830 of interest revenue during the year, at interest rates ranging from 0.83 % to 1.50%, with remaining lease terms ranging from 5 to 18 years.

1,212,247

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 3,173,443

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Five building leases for which the City recognized \$281,588 of lease revenue and \$23,032 of interest revenue during the year, at interest rates ranging from 0.21% to 0.77%, with remaining lease terms ranging from 1 to 5 years.

795,933

Two land leases for which the City recognized \$43,658 of lease revenue and \$24,623 of interest revenue during the year, at interest rates ranging from 0.33% to 1.75%, with remaining lease terms ranging from 2 to 35 years.

1,401,970

TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

\$ 2,197,903

The leases receivable are expected to be received in subsequent years as follows:

<u>YEARS</u>	GOVERN PRINCIPAL	MENTAL AC	CTIVITIES TEREST		SINESS-T` NCIPAL	IVITIES TEREST
2025	\$ 324,28	- •	74,277	\$	242,355	\$ 42,005
2026	256,03	1	69,250		235,776	36,326
2027	277,55	8	54,159		232,485	30,475
2028	235,37	0	58,106		124,509	25,058
2029	222,93	1	52,931		13,314	23,756
2030-2034	1,071,26	0	188,983		91,220	114,525
2035-2039	574,88	7	73,346		139,837	104,523
2040-2044	211,11	7	9,002		200,458	89,765
2045-2049		-	-		275,600	69,094
2050-2054		-	-		368,276	41,112
2055-2059		-	-		274,073	7,574
	\$ 3,173,44	3 \$	580,054	\$ 2	2,197,903	\$ 584,213

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
	BALANCES 1/1/24	ADDITIONS	<u>RETIREMENTS</u>	ADJUSTMENTS/ TRANSFERS	BALANCES 12/31/24
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 13,344,119 58,720,175	\$ - 21,891,668	\$ - -	\$ 1,492,975 (30,812,526)	\$ 14,837,094 49,799,317
Total capital assets not being depreciated	72,064,294	21,891,668		(29,319,551)	64,636,411
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	135,308,886	-	(579,590)	9,905,970	144,635,266
Infrastructure	170,739,506	-	(109,813)	11,985,823	182,615,516
Improvements other than buildings	16,972,794	-	(25,710)	111,306	17,058,390
Machinery and equipment	<u>82,069,087</u>	<u>42,655</u>	<u>(2,953,356</u>)	<u>7,316,452</u>	86,474,838
Total capital assets being depreciated	405,090,273	42,655	(3,668,469)	29,319,551	430,784,010
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	23,198,316	1,019,227	(2,219)	-	24,215,324
Infrastructure	65,262,743	4,810,267	(2,106,381)	-	67,966,629
Improvements other than buildings	6,869,406	53,630	(=,:::,::,	=	6,923,036
Machinery and equipment	27,628,703	3,460,757	(834,477)	-	30,254,983
Total accumulated depreciation	122,959,168	9,343,881	(2,943,077)		129,359,972
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	282,131,105	(9,301,226)	(725,392)	29,319,551	301,424,038
asprosiatoa, not	202,101,100	(0,001,220)	(120,002)	20,010,001	
Capital assets being amortized					
SBITA asset	649,768	56,862	-	-	706,630
Less accumulated amortization	(216,589)	<u>(219,011</u>)			(435,600)
Total capital assets being amortized net of accumulated amortization		(160 140)			074 020
net of accumulated amortization	433,179	<u>(162,149</u>)	_	-	271,030
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 354,628,578</u>	<u>\$ 12,428,293</u>	<u>\$ (725,392</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 366,331,479</u>
Depreciation and amortization expense for go	vernmental activitie	es was charged to fu	nctions as follows:		
General Government	vommontal activities	o mae enangea te ra	moderno do ronovio.	\$	3,056,812
Law Enforcement				Ψ	430,895
Fire Protection					688,011
Transportation/Highway					1,378,504
Transit					819,258
Storm Sewer					60,064
Sanitation					8,128
Library					234,615
La Crosse Center					1,194,852
Parks and Recreation					1,472,742
Total				<u>\$</u>	9,343,881

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 6 - Capital Assets - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
	BALANCES	ADDITIONO	DETIDEMENTO	ADJUSTMENTS/	BALANCES
Capital assets not being depreciated:	1/1/24	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	TRANSFERS	12/31/24
Land	\$ 3,836,692	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,836,692
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being	<u>101,906,585</u>	12,889,768	-	<u>(13,780,303</u>)	<u>101,016,050</u>
depreciated	105,743,277	12,889,768	_	(13,780,303)	104,852,742
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land improvements	3,986,194	-	- (00.070)	-	3,986,194
Buildings Equipment	48,249,142 18,990,435	- 772,081	(26,673) (538,071)	6,827,296 473,123	55,049,765 19,697,568
Infrastructure	185,537,301	2,992,762	(628,920)	6,479,884	194,381,027
Total capital assets being	056 762 070	2 764 942	(1 102 664)	12 700 202	072 114 554
depreciated	<u>256,763,072</u>	<u>3,764,843</u>	<u>(1,193,664</u>)	<u>13,780,303</u>	<u>273,114,554</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:	0.000.540	404.050			0.400.075
Land improvements Buildings	3,368,519 16,911,379	101,356 1,150,094	(34,747)	-	3,469,875 18,026,726
Equipment	12,218,029	799,235	(295,883)	- -	12,721,381
Infrastructure	59,887,414	4,276,064	(609,026)	<u> </u>	63,554,452
Total accumulated depreciation	92,385,341	6,326,749	(939,656)	-	97,772,434
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net accumulated depreciation	164,377,731	(2,561,906)	(254,008)	13,780,303	175,342,120
accumulated depreciation	104,377,731	(2,301,300)	(234,000)	13,760,303	173,342,120
Capital assets being amortized:	00.047				00.047
SBITA asset Less accumulated amortization	80,817 (39,477)	(39,474)	-	-	80,817 (78,951)
Total capital assets being	(00,111)	(00,111)	 -		(10,001)
amortized, net of	44.040	(20.474)			4.000
accumulated amortization	41,340	(39,474)	<u> </u>	_	1,866
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	\$ 270,162,348	\$ 10,288,388	\$ (254,008)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 280,196,728
			* (== 3,===)		*
Depreciation and amortization expense was Business-type activities	charged to functions	s as follows:			
Airport .					1,876,367
Parking Utility					1,310,604
Water Utility Sewer Utility					1,714,837 1,045,168
Storm Utility					377,795
Sanitary Sewer Utility					<u>1,978</u> 6,326,749
Less: Water Utility joint metering and cle	earing				(229,176)
TOTAL				<u>\$</u>	6,097,573
COMPONENT UNIT					
		BALANCES	ADDITIONS	DETIDEMENTO	BALANCES
Capital assets not being depreciated:		1/1/24	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	12/31/24
Land		\$ 9,090,000	\$ -	\$ (2,000,000)	\$ 7,090,000
Construction in progress TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT E	RFING	11,922,527	9,761,312	(2,220,219)	<u>19,463,620</u>
DEPRECIATED		<u>\$ 21,012,527</u>	<u>\$ 9,761,312</u>	<u>\$ (4,220,219)</u>	<u>\$ 26,553,620</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Obligations

Details of the City's long-term obligations are set forth below:

Summary of Long-Term Obligations

Outlinary of Long-Term Obligations	DALANOFO			AMOUNTS	DUE
WITHIN	BALANCES			BALANCES	DUE
	1/1/24	ADDITIONS	<u>PAYMENTS</u>	12/31/24	ONE
YEAR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds payable	\$ 98,530,815	\$18,185,000	\$ (7,573,122)	\$109,142,693	\$ 9,044,222
Notes payable - direct borrowing	2,184,347	-	(547,253)	1,637,094	462,645
Notes payable - direct placement Loan - direct placement	19,494,149 6,005,282	806,614	(5,776,942) (1,222,160)	13,717,207 5,589,736	2,701,223 882,700
Leases	0,003,202	30,595	(1,222,100)	28,678	5,852
SBITAs	431,198	45,862	(210,883)	266,177	235,044
Premium	4,009,610	1,871,691	(427,770)	5,453,531	535,244
Net OPEB obligation	30,305,616	-	(4,425,132)	25,880,484	2,142,196
Wisconsin retirement system:					
Net pension liability	14,992,561	-	(10,838,443)	4,154,118	-
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF	3,400,467	646,507	-	4,046,974	-
Employee benefits: Vacation pay	1,275,457	73,733		1,349,190	1,349,190
Sick pay	2,810,204	276,330	-	3,086,534	3,086,534
Comp pay	157.205	31,494	<u>-</u>	188,699	188.699
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$183,596,911	\$21,967,826	\$ (31,023,622)	\$174,541,115	\$20,633,549
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Bonds payable - Airport	\$ 2,400,000	\$ -	\$ (425,000)	\$ 1,975,000	\$ 215,000
Bonds payable - Parking	11,960,000	-	(680,000)	11,280,000	710,000
Bonds payable - Water Utility	334,185	-	(86,878)	247,307	60,778
Notes payable - Water Utility - direct placement	85,851	-	(28,058)	57,793	28,777
Revenue bonds payable - Sewer Utility	51,965,509	15,198,753	(2,673,734)	64,490,528	3,212,244
Loan - direct placement	799,704	143,813	(218,957)	724,560	460,137
SBITAs Premium	39,919 547,183	384,840	(39,919) (39,874)	- 892,149	- 59,116
Net OPEB Obligation	3,269,426	304,040	(590,984)	2,678,442	372,046
Wisconsin retirement system:	0,200,120		(000,001)	2,070,112	072,010
Net pension liability	1,175,936	_	(813,946)	361,990	-
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF	674,291	7,195	-	681,486	-
Employee benefits:					
Vacation pay	143,281	11,698	-	154,979	154,979
Sick pay	203,351	12,529	-	215,880	215,880
Comp pay TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	26,840 \$ 73,625,476	7,879 \$15,766,707	(5,597,350)	34,719 \$ 83,794,833	34,719 \$ 5,523,676
	<u>\$ 13,023,410</u>	<u> 417,100,101</u>	<u>4 (הרירו ה</u>	<u># 03,134,033</u>	<u># J,JZJ,U/O</u>
COMPONENT UNIT					
Revenue bond payable - RDA	<u>\$ 6,890,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,890,000</u>	<u>\$</u>

Employee benefits obligations are presented as a net change.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Obligations - Continued

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the City. The general obligation debt is expected to be repaid with general property taxes, special assessments, proprietary fund revenue, and tax increments (TIF). General obligation debt at December 31, 2024, is comprised of the following individual issues:

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	ISSUE DATES	INTEREST RATES (%)	FINAL <u>MATURITY</u>	BALANCE 12/31/24
Bonds Payable				
GO Bonds Payable A	2012	2.000 - 3.000	2026	\$ 740,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2013	2.000 - 2.200	2027	1,135,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2015	2.000 - 3.000	2029	640,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2017	3.000 - 5.000	2032	3,280,000
GO Bonds Payable B	2017	3.000 - 5.000	2032	1,975,000
GO Bonds Payable D	2017	3.000 - 3.500	2037	11,280,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2018	3.000 - 5.000	2033	2,355,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2019	2.125 - 5.000	2034	4,455,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2020	1.125 2.000	2035	4,900,000
GO Bonds Payable C	2020	0.750 - 2.350	2040	29,790,000
GO Refunding Bonds Payable D	2020	0.300 - 1.400	2031	5,055,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2021	1.670 - 4.000	2036	10,565,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2022	3.000 - 4.000	2037	10,225,000
GO Bonds Payable B	2022	3.000 - 4.000	2032	2,250,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2023	4.000	2038	10,925,000
GO Bonds Payable B	2023	4.000	2038	4,890,000
GO Bonds Payable A	2024	5.000	2039	18,185,000
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE				122,645,000
Notes Payable				
State Trust Fund Loan 2015D - direct borrowing	2015	3.250	2025	40,092
State Trust Fund Loan 2015E - direct borrowing	2015	3.750	2030	375,295
GO Notes Payable A - direct placement	2016	2.000	2026	1,205,000
GO Notes Payable C - direct placement	2017	2.000 - 3.000	2027	545,000
State Trust Fund Loan 2017E - direct borrowing	2017	3.500	2027	275,942
GO Notes Payable B - direct placement	2018	3.000	2028	980,000
GO Notes Payable B - direct placement	2019	2.000 - 5.000	2029	735,000
GO Notes Payable B - direct placement	2020	1.125 - 2.000	2030	2,655,000
State Trust Fund Loan - TID 17	2020	2.500	2025	122,818
GO Anticipation Notes Payable - direct placement	2021	0.950	2026	2,130,000
GO Notes Payable B - direct placement	2021	1.000 - 2.000	2031	3,600,000
GO Notes Payable C - direct placement	2021	2.000 - 5.000	2031	1,925,000
State Trust Fund Loan	2022	2.500	2027	288,742
State Trust Fund Loan A	2022	3.000	2032	534,205
TOTAL NOTES PAYABLE				<u>15,412,094</u>
Loan Payable - direct placement	0040	0.400	0000	4 400 000
Financed purchase - BOA Phase I & Phase II	2019	2.400	2039	4,166,993
Financial purchase - Fleet vehicles	2021	8.340	2026	2,147,303
TOTAL LOANS PAYABLE				6,314,296
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT				<u>\$ 144,371,390</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Obligations - Continued

General Obligation Debt Limit Calculation

The 2024 equalized valuation of the City as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$5,638,471,900. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2024, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt limit (5 percent of \$5,638,471,900)	\$ 281,923,595
Applicable long-term debt	(144,371,390)
Amount available in debt service fund	<u>19,144,856</u>
MARGIN OF INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 156.697.061

SBITA Liability

The City has entered into various subscription agreements for the right to use certain IT software and support services. The agreements are for three-year terms with various monthly and annual payments. The interest rates were calculated using the City's incremental borrowing rate.

Proprietary Fund Debt

Proprietary fund debt is expected to be repaid by fund revenue and is compromised of the following individual issue at December 31, 2024:

DESCRIPTION	ISSUE <u>DATES</u>	INTEREST RATES (%)	FINAL <u>MATURITY</u>	BALANCE 12/31/24
Revenue Bond Sewer Clean Water Fund	2022	1.576%	2041	\$ 58,685,528
Sewer Revenue Bond	2024	4.000-5.000%	2044	5,805,000 \$ 64.490.528

Component Unit Debt

Component unit debt is expected to be repaid by revenue of the entity and contributions from the City pursuant the contribution and cooperative agreement. Component unit debt at December 31, 2024, is compromised of the following individual issue:

DESCRIPTION	ISSUE	INTEREST	FINAL	BALANCE
	<u>DATES</u>	RATES (%)	<u>MATURITY</u>	12/31/24
Taxable Interim Redevelopment Revenue Bond Taxable Interim Redevelopment Revenue Bond	2021 2022	1.890% 2.520%	2026 2027	\$ 3,000,000 3,890,000 \$ 6,890,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - Long-Term Obligations - Continued

Maturities of Long-Term Obligations

Maturities of the long-term obligations at December 31, 2024, are:

			NOTES F	PAYABLE	LO	ANS
			DIRECT BO	RROWING		
	BOI	NDS	AND PLA	CEMENT	DIRECT PI	ACEMENT
<u>YEARS</u>	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	
INTEREST						
2025	\$ 10,030,000	\$ 3,579,750	\$ 3,192,645	\$ 346,365	\$ 1,584,613	\$ 207,381
2026	10,280,000	3,252,295	4,744,128	247,655	736,004	159,915
2027	9,530,000	2,940,768	2,058,824	162,668	474,302	124,226
2028	9,265,000	2,648,527	1,709,189	105,485	311,590	90,490
2029	9,485,000	2,386,444	1,468,591	64,474	298,323	80,316
2030-2034	45,550,000	7,860,161	2,238,717	48,523	1,442,071	267,642
2035-2039	26,285,000	2,200,992	-	-	1,467,393	83,671
2040-2044	2,220,000	52,170	<u>-</u>	-	-	
TOTAL	<u>\$122,645,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,921,107</u>	<u>\$ 15,412,094</u>	<u>\$ 975,170</u>	<u>\$ 6,314,296</u>	<u>\$ 1,013,641</u>
			GOVERNMENT	AL FUND DEBT		
				TAS		
<u>YEARS</u>			PRINCIPAL	INTEREST		
2025			\$ 235,044	\$ 6,123		
2026			15,014	736		
2027			<u>16,119</u>	381		
			<u>\$ 266,177</u>	<u>\$ 7,240</u>		
			PROPRIETAR	Y FUND DEBT	COMPONEN	T UNIT
DEBT				THOMB BEBT		<u> </u>
DEDI			RE\/ENI II	E BONDS	REVENI I	E BONDS
YEARS			PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	L DONDO
INTEREST			TRIIVOITAL	INTLINEOT	TRITOTIAL	
INTERCOT	<u>—</u>					
2025			\$ 3,212,244	\$ 1,021,631	\$ -	\$ 154,728
2026			3,270,111	971,982	3,000,000	154,728
2027			3,328,732	921,193	3,890,000	98,028
2028			3,388,120	869,253	-	
2029			3,448,286	816,152	_	_
2030-2034			18,192,029	3,241,623	-	_
2035-2039			19,925,220	1,718,641	_	-
2040-2044			9,725,786	308,290	-	-
			\$ 64,490,528	\$ 9,868,765	\$ 6,890,000	\$ 407,484
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>

NOTE 8 - Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2024 is \$3,665,082.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - Wisconsin Retirement System

Plan Description - The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issued a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Vesting - For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided - Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments - The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - Wisconsin Retirement System - Continued

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund
	(%)	Adjustment (%)
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Contributions - Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives & Elected Officials Category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$4,048,319 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2023, are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives, and elected officials)	6.80%	6.80%
Protective with Social Security	6.80%	13.20%
Protective without Social Security	6.80%	18.10%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability (asset) of \$4,516,108 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.30374565 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00145256 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,147,774.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - Wisconsin Retirement System - Continued

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,208,904	\$ 24,117,806
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	, ,	, ,
pension plan investments	15,737,906	-
Changes in assumptions	1,968,442	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	78,632	7,112
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,796,218	-
Total	\$ 40,790,102	\$ 24,124,918

\$4,796,218 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2025	2,438,767
2026	2,559,541
2027	9,896,251
2028	(3,025,593)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability (asset) in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2022
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2023
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020 Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.7%

^{*} No Post-Retirement Adjustment is Guaranteed - Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - Wisconsin Retirement System - Continued

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns (as of December 31, 2023)

	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			
Global Equities	40	7.3	4.5
Fixed Income	27	5.8	3.0
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	4.4	1.7
Real Estate	8	5.8	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	18	9.6	6.7
Leverage	(12)	3.7	1.0
Total Core Fund	100	7.4	4.6
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	6.8	4.0
International Equities	30	7.6	4.8
Total Variable Fund	100	7.3	4.5

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.7%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.8 percent was used to measure the Total Pension Liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.77 percent (Source: Fixedincome municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax- exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8 percent expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7 percent will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - Wisconsin Retirement System - Continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.8%)	Current Discount Rate (6.8%)	1% Increase To Discount Rate (7.8%)
City of La Crosse's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$43,650,370	\$4,516,108	(\$22,867,790)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a payable of \$609,610 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE 10 - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund - OPEB

General Information about the Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description - The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Benefits Provided - The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 10 - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund - OPEB - Continued

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2023 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of employee contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates			
For the year	ended December		
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental	
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05	
30-34	0.06	0.06	
35-39	0.07	0.07	
40-44	0.08	0.08	
45-49	0.12	0.12	
50-54	0.22	0.22	
55-59	0.39	0.39	
60-64	0.49	0.49	
65-69	0.57	0.57	

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$20,944 contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability (asset) of \$4,728,460 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the City's proportion was 1.02778000 percent, which was a decrease of 0.04176 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$243,116.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 418,481
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB investments	63,879	-
Changes in assumptions	1,479,103	1,861,967
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	70,762	649,978
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	77,447	-
Total	\$1,691,191	\$2,930,426

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 10 - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund - OPEB - Continued

\$77,447 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the City's Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2025	(254,403)
2026	(275,167)
2027	(437,479)
2028	(377,936)
2029	28,303

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2023
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2023
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31,
	2020, Published November 19,
	2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	3.26%
Long-Term Expected Rated of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	3.32%
Salary Increases	
Inflation:	3.00%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2020 Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020 The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets - The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 10 - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund - OPEB - Continued

Local OPEB Life Insurance

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2023

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interm Credit		
	· ·	40%	2.32%
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	60%	2.52%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 2.30 percent.

Single Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 3.32 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 3.76 percent for the prior year. The change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 3.72 percent as of December 31, 2022 to 3.26 percent as of December 31, 2023. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 3.32 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.32%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.32%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (2.32%)	Current Discount Rate (3.32%)	1% Increase To Discount Rate (4.32%)
City of La Crosse's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$6,353,345	\$4,728,460	\$3,488,147

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 10 - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund - OPEB - Continued

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

General Information about the Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description - The other post-employment benefits (OPEB) other than pensions is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Benefit terms are established by employee handbooks and certain employment contracts and may be modified by the City Council. The plan is administered by the City and included in the City's financial statements.

Benefits Provided - Employees covered under the employee handbook hired prior to January 1, 2014 and at least 53-55 years of age (depending on employee category) with 10-20 years of continuous employment with the City (depending on employee category) are eligible to continue receiving medical coverage into retirement until reaching Medicare eligibility provided they pay the current employee portion of the premiums.

Police and fire employees hired prior to July 1, 2013 and at least 53 years of age with 15-20 years of continuous employment with the City (depending on employee category) are eligible to continue receiving medical coverage into retirement until reaching Medicare eligibility provided they pay the current employee portion of the premiums.

Employees Covered - As of the December 31, 2023 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms. The plan is closed to new entrants.

Total	<u>287</u>
Active employees	<u>156</u>
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	131

Contributions - The City Council has the authority to establish the contribution requirements for the plan. Under the current plan, no contributions are made directly, rather the eligible retirees continue to be covered under the City's healthcare plan and the City pays a portion of the premium. The Council establishes contribution rates based on premiums and an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City paid \$2,514,242 in premium benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions - The OPEB healthcare liability in the December 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2024
Measurement Date:	December 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	N/A
Discount Rate:	4.28%
Salary Increases:	4.00%
Mortality:	WRS December 31, 2023 Valuation
Medical Care Cost Trend:	5% decreasing by .04% per year to 4.5%,
	and level thereafter

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Continued

The actuarial valuation was based upon the data provided by the City and utilized the premium rate history of the City's medical plans as well as the trends used in the prior valuation and projected a stream of expected premium rates for each year in the future based on the data as of January 1, 2023. Actuarial assumptions are based upon the Wisconsin Retirement System December 31, 2023 Actuarial Valuation Report.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets - As of the measurement date, there were no plan assets.

Discount Rate - A discount rate of 4.28 percent was used to measure the total OPEB healthcare liability. This discount rate was based on a 20-year municipal bond rate. Based on these assumptions, the plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB healthcare liability.

Changes in the OPEB Healthcare Liability

	OPEB HEALTHCARE <u>LIABILITY</u>
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$33,575,042
Changes for the year: Service Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption and other inputs Benefit payments NET CHANGES	610,957 1,292,717 (4,412,541) 6,992 (2,514,242) (5,016,117)
ENDING BALANCE	\$28.558.926

Sensitivity of the OPEB Healthcare Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The following presents the OPEB healthcare liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 5 percent decreasing to 4.5 percent, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	Current Healthcare	1% Increase to
	Healthcare Cost Rate	Cost Rate	Healthcare Cost Rate
	(4% decreasing to	(5% decreasing to	(6% decreasing to
	3.5%)	4.5%)	5.5%)
OPEB healthcare liability	\$26,533,601	\$28,558,926	\$30,846,991

Sensitivity of the OPEB Healthcare Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the OPEB healthcare liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.28 percent, as well as what the OPEB healthcare liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower

(3.28%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.28%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(3.28%)	(4.28%)	(5.28%)
OPEB healthcare liability	\$30,310,688	\$28,558,926	\$26,940,048

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Continued

Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Healthcare

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB healthcare expense of \$1,884,409.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB healthcare from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 134,767	\$ 3,462,756
Changes in assumptions	958,090	1,937,882
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	-
Total	\$ 1,092,857	\$5,400,638

\$-0- reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB healthcare resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction on the net OPEB healthcare liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB healthcare will be recognized in expense as follows:

Year ending December 31	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources	
2025	\$(1,655,082)	
2026	(1,103,930)	
2027	(936,339)	
2028	(612,430)	

Payables to the OPEB Healthcare Plan - The City reported a payable of zero for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB Healthcare plan required for the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE 12 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

RECEIVABLE FUND	PAYABLE FUND	AMOUNT
Due To/From Other Funds General Fund General Fund General Fund	Water Utility Stock Room Storm Utility	\$ 900,886 32,864 40,714 \$ 974,464
Advances To/From Other Funds:	- "	* 000 000
General Fund General Fund	Transit TIF District #12	\$ 202,692 65,585
General Fund	Special Assigned	160,000
Parking Utility	TIF District #11	1,000,000
Water Utility	TIF District #10	202,364
Sewer Utility	TIF District #12	20,728
Debt Service Fund	TIF District #11	1,000,000
Worker's Compensation	Liability Claims	150,000
Special Assigned	TIF District #12	127,802
General Fund	HUD Grants	250,000
TIF District #11	TIF District #19	10,000
TIF District #11	TIF District #21	10,000
		\$ 3.199.171

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 12 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers - Continued

The above balances resulted from the timing differences between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made, and (4) loans made between funds.

Individual fund transfers during 2024 are as follows:

				TRANSFER IN:			
				NONMAJOR			
	GENERAL	HUD	DEBT	GOVERNMENTAL	PARKING	STORM	
	FUND	GRANTS	SERVICE	FUNDS	<u>UTILITY</u>	<u>UTILITY</u>	TOTAL
TRANSFER							
OUT							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,735,000	\$ 772,310	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,507,310
Nonmajor Governmental							
Funds	1,658,756	47,468	2,498,107	11,645,749	1,023,031	-	16,873,111
Water Utility	900,886	-	-	_	-	735	901,621
Sewer Utility		<u>-</u>		18,999		71,157	90,156
TOTAL	<u>\$2,559,642</u>	<u>\$ 47,468</u>	<u>\$11,233,107</u>	<u>\$ 12,437,058</u>	<u>\$ 1,023,031</u>	<u>\$ 71,892</u>	<u>\$27,372,198</u>

Generally, transfers are used to move revenue from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them and use unrestricted revenue collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 13 - Net Position and Fund Balances

Portions of fund balances and net position are not available for current appropriations or expenditures as follows:

<u>FUND</u>	PURPOSE/REASON	AMOUNT
<u>Deficits</u>		
TIF District #10	Awaiting future TIF levies	\$ 36,383
TIF District #12	Awaiting future TIF levies	195,087
TIF District #18	Awaiting future TIF levies	6,004
TIF District #19	Awaiting future TIF levies	1,562
TIF District #21	Awaiting future TIF levies	1,753
	Total Deficits	\$ 240.789

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 13 - Net Position and Fund Balances - Continued

Portions of fund balances and net position are not available for current appropriations or expenditures as follows:

FUND	PURPOSE/REASON	AMOUNT
Monspendable General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Notes La Crosse Center Transit State Grants Capital Projects Capital Projects Special Assigned Special Assigned Debt Service	Inventory and prepaid expenses Advances to other funds Delinquent personal property tax Inventory and prepaids Inventory and prepaids Prepaid expenses and inventory Prepaid expenses and inventory Prepaid expenses and inventory Advances to other funds Prepaid expenses Advances to other funds Advances to other funds Total Nonspendable	\$ 120,826 678,277 367,872 12,000 521,255 232,818 355 18,200 20,000 78,505 127,802 1,000,000 \$ 3,177,910
Restricted Debt Service Building and Land Capital Projects Capital Projects Capital Bonds Capital Notes TIF District #11 TIF District #13 TIF District #15 TIF District #15 TIF District #17 TIF District #17 TIF District #20 Capital Equipment Flood Plan Control Parks and Recreation Roadway and Infrastructure HUD Grants Housing Federal Grants	Future debt repayment Unspent bond monies Unspent bond monies Unspent bond monies Unspent bond monies Future TIF expenditures Unspent bond monies Unspent bond monies Unspent bond monies Unspent bond monies Future loan payments Future payments Future payments Future payments Future payments Future payments	\$ 18,144,856 1,508,837 79,331 2,462,707 13,496,955 1,723,123 7,168,663 949,366 505,402 133,731 1,579,168 21,214 513,610 42,035 742,341 5,428,513 1,065,742 216 253,983 \$ 55,819,793
Committed State Grants Library Special Assessments Special Assigned Room Tax Restricted - Governmental Activities Capital Projects Debt Service Special Revenue	Future grant expenditures Future library expenditures Future special assessment expenditures Expenditures related to prior year budget commitments Future room tax expenditures Total Committed Various projects Future debt repayment Unspent bond monies (HUD & Federal) Total Restricted - Governmental Activities	\$ 335,790 2,094,685 606,400 6,028,010 2,407,267 \$ 11,472,152 \$ 22,858,257 18,144,856 14,816,680 \$ 55,819,793

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 13 - Net Position and Fund Balances - Continued

Restricted - Propriety Funds and Business-Type Activities

Airport Restricted for future projects \$800,835 Sewer DNR replacement reserve 9,611,104 Water Replacement fund 134,738

Total Restricted - Proprietary Funds and
Business-Type Activities \$10,546,677

NOTE 14 - Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. In the opinion of the City Attorney and the City's management, resolution of these cases will not result in any material adverse effect on the City's operations or financial position. During 2020 and subsequent to year end, notices of injury were filed by a neighboring township's property owners regarding alleged private well contamination. As of the financial statement date, the dollar amount of a potential liability could not be reasonably determined as it is not yet probable that a liability will be incurred.

All capital projects fund balances consist of unspent bond proceeds which have been restricted for future projects.

The Component Unit has contracted with a master developer for a development project. The contract includes performance incentives with a maximum of \$825,000. The Component Unit also has a construction contract for the same development with \$342,316 remaining to be completed as of year-end.

NOTE 15 - Tax Incremental Finance Districts

Tax increment financing, as authorized by Section 66.1105 of the Wisconsin Statutes, is a method by which the City can recover its development and public improvement costs in Tax Incremental Finance District (TIF) designated areas. These costs are recovered from the increased valuation in the designated area. The City has financed development and public improvement costs in its TIF through general fund advances and through the issuance of general obligation long-term debt. Project costs have been reported primarily as Capital Projects Funds expenditures. Tax increments will be used to repay general fund advances and to meet maturing debt obligations incurred to provide financing for development and public improvement costs within the tax incremental district. The District is allowed to collect tax increments until its termination date. Any over-collections are returned to the various taxing entities of the District. The City becomes liable for any cost not recovered by the termination date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 15 - Tax Incremental Finance Districts - Continued

The City has twelve active Tax Incremental Financing Districts. The following are project summaries of the activity and status of the districts through December 31, 2024:

	#10	#11	#12	#13	#14
SOURCES OF FUNDS					
TIF tax collections	\$ 1,568,390	\$ 47,132,751	\$ 9,662,818	\$ 23,236,745	\$ 18,984,987
Exempt computer aids	688,807	6,554,040	151,599	2,373,854	13,798,295
Payment from other government	110,191	-			
Sale of assets	26,806	828,002	42,200	404,815	440,992
Grants	-	5,432,773	42,640	375,000	1,238,367
Economic development proceeds	-	640	-	128	-
DNR loan	-	2 000 000	-	216,657	-
Judgment/liquidated damages	-	2,000,000	-	200,000	-
Loan repayments	- 00.000	699,910	- 00 504	51,250	-
Interest income	20,690	593,873	22,531	751,209	398,666
Proceeds from long-term debt	240,750	37,061,983	7,355,928	8,586,767	1,185,993
Settlement from private	-	400.000	740.500	- 0.000	4,132,223
Transfers from other TIF's		400,608	748,500	2,036	5,000
TOTAL SOURCES	2,655,634	100,704,580	18,026,216	36,198,461	40,184,523
USES OF FUNDS					
Capital expenditures	2,453,205	61,969,995	9,662,517	12,540,943	19,357,153
Principal and interest on long-term debt	186,530	31,050,437	8,500,712	7,825,482	450,823
Interest on advances	52,282	1,130,126	58,074	46,157	8,781
Incentives for reverse TIF	· -	3,210,699	· -	188,685	13,656,948
Transfers to other TIF's	-	1,600,000	-	8,428,531	5,743,452
TOTAL USES	2,692,017	98,961,257	18,221,303	29,029,798	39,217,157
FUND (DEFICIT) DAI ANCES AS OF DECEMBED 24, 2024	\$ (36,383)	\$ 1,743,323	\$ (195,087)	\$ 7,168,663	\$ 967,366
FUND (DEFICIT) BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024	φ (30,303)	\$ 1,743,323	\$ (195,06 <i>1</i>)	\$ 7,100,003	φ 907,300
FUTURE REQUIREMENTS					
Debt service	\$ -	\$ 12,855,004	\$ 3,026,633	\$ 2,183,676	\$ 25,823
Advances from other funds	202,364	2,000,000	214,115	-	-
Interest on advances	12,830	190,200	20,363	-	-
Proceeds from other governments	470,054	-	-	-	-
Estimated payable (developer's agreement)	-	2,800,000	-	-	3,345,000
Less receivables/plus payables	952	43,779		69,304	18,000
TOTAL FUTURE REQUIREMENTS	686,200	17,888,983	3,261,111	2,252,980	3,388,823
Less cash on hand (deficit)	(166,933)	(3,787,102)	(19,028)	(7,237,967)	(985,366)
BALANCE TO BE COLLECTED ON TIF DISTRICT	\$ 519,267	\$ 14,101,881	\$ 3,242,083	\$ (4,984,987)	\$ 2,403,457
DISTRICT TERMINATION DATE	2030	2031	2032	2026	2026
2024 Tax Increment	\$ 315,721	\$ 4,330,124	\$ 591,723	\$ 2,742,415	\$ 1,602,358

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 15 - Tax Incremental Finance Districts - Continued

	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20	#21
SOURCES OF FUNDS							
TIF tax collections	\$ 7,815,283	\$ 2,214,572	\$ 11,500,620	\$ 26,298	\$ -	\$ 28,995	\$ -
Exempt computer aids	704,342	19,295	138,075	-	-	-	-
Payment from other government	-	-	1,003,448	-	-	-	-
Sale of assets	30,704	-	139,107	-	-	-	-
Grants	-	-	2,722	-	-	-	-
Economic development proceeds	-	30,000	-	-	-	-	-
Judgment/liquidated damages	4,670	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan repayments	73,403	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	133,434	201,870	257,803	6,428	260	2,519	253
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	1,736,875	16,190,000	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from entity	272,935	803,739	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from other TIF's				18,771,982	10,000	10,000	
TOTAL SOURCES	9,034,771	5,006,351	29,231,775	18,804,708	10,260	41,514	253
USES OF FUNDS							
Capital expenditures	4,921,523	3,290,671	17.614.037	18,810,712	11,300	20,300	1,484
Principal and interest on long-term debt	-	807,174	9,038,142	-	-	-	, · -
Interest on advances	24	25,917	428	_	522	-	522
Incentives for reverse TIF	2.107.822	248.858	-	_	_	-	_
Transfers to other TIF's	1,500,000	500,000	1,000,000	_	-	-	-
TOTAL USES	8,529,369	4,872,620	27,652,607	18,810,712	11,822	20,300	2,006
FUND (DEFICIT) BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 505,402	\$ 133,731	\$ 1,579,168	\$ (6,004)	\$ (1,562)	\$ 21,214	\$ (1,753)
FUTURE REQUIREMENTS							
Debt service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,483,972	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Estimated payable (developer's agreement)	3,575,000	3,539,400	1,100,000	_	_	_	_
Less receivables/plus payables	15,722	-	9,440	89,615	10,000	-	10,000
TOTAL FUTURE REQUIREMENTS	3,590,722	3,539,400	9,593,412	89,615	10,000		10,000
Less cash on hand (deficit)	(521,124)	(133,731)	(1,588,608)	(83,611)	(8,438)	(21,214)	(8,247)
BALANCE TO BE COLLECTED OF TIF DISTRICT	\$ 3,069,598	\$ 3,405,669	\$ 8,004,804	\$ 6,004	\$ 1,562	\$ (21,214)	\$ 1,753
DISTRICT TERMINATION DATE	2033	2034	2035	2047	2047	2047	2050
2024 Tax Increment	\$ 1,238,741	\$ 742,759	\$ 1,749,466	\$ 83,681	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 359	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 16 - Risk Management

Self-Insured Programs

Effective 1986, the City began to self-insure its liability and workers' compensation exposures. The Liability Claims Fund is to be used solely for settling liability claims. The Workers' Compensation Fund is to be used only to meet any compensation claims under the Wisconsin Workers' Compensation Act. Funding comes from the City's annual operating budgets of the general and enterprise funds. The City must provide for 100 percent of any claims awarded by the funds.

The City also established a self-funded health plan for its employees. The plan administrators, Customer Benefit Administrators and Quartz (formerly Gundersen Lutheran Health Plan) are responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which they bill the City for reimbursement. The City is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The plan reports on a fiscal year ending December 31.

As part of the health care coverage of the Plan, the City purchases specific stop loss insurance. Specific coverage pays claims in excess of \$125,000 per individual after the City has met a \$125,000 special combined aggregating deductible.

Claims Liabilities - The City records an estimated liability for health care, workers' compensation, and liability claims against the City. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities - The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the City from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2024:

	Health <u>Care</u>	Workers' Compensation	<u>Liability</u>
Liability Balance, January 1, 2023	4,784,746	1,065,358	398,643
Claims and changes in estimates	11,303,351	58,532	664,195
Claim payments	<u>(11,057,484</u>)	(58,390)	(443,251)
Liability Balance, January 1, 2024	5,030,613	1,065,500	619,587
Claims and changes in estimates	12,541,408	(322,602)	73,095
Claim payments	(12,441,441)	(3,733)	(372,632)
LIABILITY BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 5,130,580 [°]	\$ 739,165 [°]	\$ 320,050 [°]

Claim payments are primarily funded through charges to the other funds.

Participation in Risk Pool

On January 1, 2014, the City joined Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WMMIC). The WMMIC was organized as a non-assessable mutual insurance company on November 1, 1987. WMMIC is comprised on nineteen members, three cities, fifteen counties, and one special-use district. Members purchase general liability (including law enforcement professional), auto liability, cyberliability, and public official's errors and omissions liability insurance. Members also purchase workers compensation reinsurance through WMMIC. WMMIC provides claims administration for members for their self-funded liability and workers compensation programs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 16 - Risk Management - Continued

The WMMIC provides the City with \$10,000,000 of liability coverage for losses over their self-insured retention level of \$150,000 per occurrence with a \$600,000 aggregate stop loss. An annual premium is charged to cover expected claims and administrative costs. The claims component of the premium is determined by independent actuaries and allocated among the participating members based on payroll and loss history.

The WMMIC is a policy driven organization and as such, all WMMIC policies are approved by the Board of Directors. WMMIC members control the company through a strong committee structure that meets at least quarterly and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors and its Officers are comprised of official representatives of their respective member municipality.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There have been no settlements in excess of coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During 2024, changes in accounting principles and changes to or within the financial reporting entity resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position and fund balances.

Details of reporting units affected by adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balances are as follows:

follows:	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS									
		, -	FEDERAL GRANTS	NONMAJOR						
December 31, 2023, as previously stated Change from major to nonmajor December 31, 2023, as restated			\$ 279,349 (279,349) \$	\$ 50,453,503 279,349 \$ 50,732,852						
	PROPRIETARY FUNDS									
	AIRPORT	PARKING	SEWER	WATER						
December 31, 2023, as previously stated Change in accounting principle (GASB 101) December 31, 2023, as restated	\$76,900,920 (15,249) \$76,885,671	\$ 33,916,045 (8,325) \$ 33,907,720	\$ 50,362,345 (16,938) \$ 50,345,407	\$ 40,202,677 (31,099) \$ 40,171,578						
			GOVERNM GOVERN- MENTAL ACTIVITIES	MENT-WIDE BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES						
December 31, 2023, as previously stated Change in accounting principle (GASB 101) December 31, 2023, as restated			\$308,884,075 (2,085,544) \$306,798,531	\$227,078,987 (71,611) \$227,007,376						

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

REVENUE	BUDGETED ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
Taxes	\$ 42,262,146	\$ 42,262,146	\$ 42,565,441	\$ 303,295		
Intergovernmental	21,228,845	21,228,845	22,797,242	1,568,397		
Licenses and permits	1,866,412	1,866,412	1,944,819	78,407		
Fines, forfeits, and penalties	1,100	1,100	811	(289)		
Public charges for services	1,673,090	1,673,090	2,582,397	909,307		
Intergovernmental charges for services	1,151,323	1,151,323	1,218,657	67,334		
Miscellaneous	1,243,433	1,243,433	2,475,293	1,231,860		
Change in FMV of investments	-	-	462,361	462,361		
TOTAL REVENUE	69,426,349	69,426,349	74,047,021	4,620,672		
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government	12,789,741	10,371,682	9,825,588	546,094		
Public safety	26,745,559	28,270,095	28,314,119	(44,024)		
Public works	9,768,047	10,211,812	9,656,086	555,726		
Culture, recreation, and education	12,952,760	13,400,217	14,310,005	(909,788)		
Conservation and development	478,916	481,217	369,259	111,958		
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	353,887	(353,887)		
Interest	452.200	452.200	402	(402)		
Capital outlay	153,200 62,888,223	153,200 62,888,223	411,944 63,241,290	(258,744)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	02,000,223	02,000,223	03,241,290	(333,007)		
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	6,538,126	6,538,126	10,805,731	4,267,605		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	2,907,799	2,907,799	2,559,642	(348,157)		
Operating transfers (out)	(9,480,925)	(9,480,925)	(9,507,310)	(26,385)		
Sale of capital assets	35,000	35,000	631,066	596,066		
Subscription-based IT arrangements			45,862	45,862		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(6,538,126)	(6,538,126)	(6,270,740)	267,386		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	4,534,991	4,534,991		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	21,145,491	21,145,491	21,145,491	-		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 21,145,491	\$ 21,145,491	\$ 25,680,482	\$ 4,534,991		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Finance Committee recommends to the Common Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted in the Council Chambers to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to December 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Director of Finance is authorized to transfer budget amounts within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the Common Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project basis, rather than an annual basis. Formal budgets are not adopted for the Special Revenue Funds since they are not supported by property taxes, and effective control is achieved through alternative methods. Since all general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit of the City, budgetary control of the Debt Service Fund is achieved in the General Fund (which budgets an operating transfer to Debt Service for payment of principal and interest).
- 6. Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7. Budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the department level within the Fund.
- 8. Budgeted amounts are as authorized in the original budget resolution and subsequent revisions are authorized by the Common Council.
- 9. There were \$-0- of supplemental appropriations to increase the total budget during the year.
- 10. Appropriations lapse at year end, except those identified as designated for carry over budget items.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

General Fund expenditures exceeded budget in public safety by \$44,024, culture recreation and education by \$909,788, debt service by \$354,289, and capital outlay by \$258,744 for the year ended December 31, 2024. The over expenditures were financed by under expenditures in other functions and greater than anticipated revenue.

OPEB HEALTHCARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB HEALTHCARE LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	Last 10 F	iscal Years					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Healthcare Liability				·			
Service cost	\$ 610,957	\$ 820,958	\$ 1,134,196	\$ 1,353,237	\$ 1,039,468	\$ 1,665,034	\$ 1,512,531
Interest	1,292,717	1,387,595	818,843	732,355	1,618,378	1,792,678	2,161,436
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,412,541)		422,812	=	(13,863,827)	-	(8,856,250
Changes of assumptions or other input	6,992	622,747	(3,787,202)	(726,246)	2,816,961	879,410	(3,448,173
Benefit payments	(2,514,241)	(2,902,093)	(2,671,599)	(3,152,716)	(3,464,664)	(4,414,782)	(4,449,578)
Administrative expense	-	-	-	-	-	- (2.224)	- (0.000.450)
Other changes						(3,291)	(2,208,450)
Net Changes in Total OPEB Healthcare Liability	(5,016,116)	, , ,	, , ,	(1,793,370)	(11,853,684)	(80,951)	(15,288,484)
Total OPEB Healthcare Liability - Beginning	33,575,042	33,645,835	37,728,785	39,522,155	51,375,839	51,456,790	66,745,274
Total OPEB Healthcare Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 28,558,926</u>	\$ 33,575,042	\$ 33,645,835	\$ 37,728,785	\$ 39,522,155	\$ 51,375,839	\$ 51,456,790
Covered payroll	\$ 13,957,443	\$ 14,454,692	\$ 14,454,692	\$ 19,887,610	\$ 19,122,675	\$ 20,440,991	\$ 20,440,991
Net OPEB healthcare liability as a percentage of covered payroll	204.61%	232.28%	232.77%	189.71%	206.68%	251.34%	251.73%
	SCHEDULE OF		NS				
		iscal Years					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 13,957,443	\$ 14,454,692	\$ 14,454,692	\$ 19,887,610	\$ 19,122,675	\$ 20,440,991	\$ 20,440,991
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/2024	1/1/2022	1/1/2022	1/1/2020	1/1/2020	1/1/2018	1/1/2018
Measurement date	12/31/2024	12/31/2022	12/31/2022	12/31/2020	12/31/2020	12/31/2018	12/31/2018

The City implemented the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 for the year ended December 31, 2018. Requirements have been implemented prospectively; therefore, the above illustrations do not reflect similar information for the proceeding years.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Methods and assumptions used to determine actuarially calculations - entry age normal cost, 30 year level % open amortization, fair market value asset valuation, 4.00% discount rate, 4% salary increases, Wisconsin 2019 mortality table.

Changes of benefit terms - there were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions - there were no changes in the assumptions.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Last 10 1 lst	our rouro			
Pension Plan Fiscal Year	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	
2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2016 2014	0.30374565% 0.30519821% 0.30824469% 0.30960272% 0.30594952% 0.29907982% 0.28830557% 0.27955334% 0.27169553% 0.27001724%	\$ 4,516,108 16,168,497 (24,845,089) (19,328,927) (9,865,210) 10,640,823 (8,560,134) 2,304,187 4,414,500 (6,632,361)	\$ 37,922,697 35,500,004 35,303,238 36,278,721 35,174,534 33,894,372 32,414,141 31,820,938 30,422,348 29,513,033	11.91% 45.55% -70.38% -53.28% -28.05% 31.39% -26.41% 7.24% 14.51% -22.47%	98.85% 95.72% 106.02% 105.26% 102.96% 96.45% 102.93% 99.12% 98.20% 102.74%	
		SCHEDULE OF CO				
City Fiscal Year End			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2017	\$ 4,048,319 3,543,969 3,540,369 3,505,883 3,250,304 3,168,907 3,030,212 2,755,204 2,661,909 2,689,659	\$ (4,048,319) (3,543,969) (3,540,369) (3,505,883) (3,250,304) (3,168,907) (3,030,212) (2,755,204) (2,661,909) (2,689,659)	\$	\$ 40,329,068 35,500,004 35,303,238 36,278,721 35,174,534 33,894,372 32,414,141 31,820,938 30,422,348 29,513,033	10.04% 9.98% 10.03% 9.66% 9.24% 9.35% 8.66% 8.75% 9.11%	

The City implemented the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Requirements have been implemented prospectively; therefore, the above illustrations do not reflect similar information for the proceeding years.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - there were no changes of benefit

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%

Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%

Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%

Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%

Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%

Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%

Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0% $\,$

Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%

Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%

Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012

Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION SCHEDULES - Continued YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SIGNIFICANT METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATING WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Amortization Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period
Amortization Period:	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS
Asset Valuation Method:	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%
Weighted Based on Assumed Rate for; Pre-retirement: Post-retirement:	6.8% 5.0%	7.0% 5.0%	7.0% 5.0%	7.0% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%
Salary Increases Wage Inflation: Seniority/Merit:	3.0% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.0% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.0% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.0% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.2% 0.1 - 5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit Adjustments*:	170.0%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%
Retirement Age:	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2021 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2018-2020	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-2017	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-2017	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-2017	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012-2014
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Tables. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2021 fully generational improvement scale from a base year of 2010.	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%)	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%)	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%)	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%)

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

(Continued on page 73)

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION SCHEDULES - Continued YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SIGNIFICANT METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATING WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS:

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Amortization Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed Amortization Period
Amortization Period:	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS	30-year closed from date of participation in WRS
Asset Valuation Method:	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return:	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Weighted Based on Assumed Rate for; Pre-retirement: Post-retirement:	7.2% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%
Salary Increases Wage Inflation: Seniority/Merit:	3.2% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.2% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.2% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.2% 0.1 - 5.6%	3.2% 0.1 - 5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit Adjustments*:	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%
Retirement Age:	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012-2014	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012-2014	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009-2011	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009-2011	Experience - based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009-2011
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%)	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%)	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) in mortality.	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) in mortality.	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) in mortality.

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) Last 10 Fiscal Years

OPEB Plan Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) 1.02778000% 1.06953900% 1.16153600% 1.22622300% 1.17931200% 1.20713400% 1.19802700%	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) \$ 4,728,460 4,074,758 6,865,107 6,745,112 5,021,740 3,114,813 3,604,360 SCHEDULE OF 0	Covered Payroll \$ 33,318,000 32,797,000 33,183,000 32,350,000 31,321,000 30,307,000 50,380,462 CONTRIBUTIONS	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll 14.19% 12.42% 20.69% 20.85% 16.03% 10.28% 7.15%	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) 33.90% 38.81% 29.57% 31.36% 37.58% 48.69% 44.81%
City Fiscal Year End 2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	Contractually Required Contributions \$ 20,944 21,459 23,773 24,451 21,319 23,257 22,750	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions (20,944) (21,459) (23,773) (24,451) (21,319) (23,257) (22,750)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) \$	Covered Payroll \$ 33,318,000 32,797,000 33,183,000 32,350,000 31,321,000 30,307,000 50,380,462	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 0.06% 0.07% 0.07% 0.08% 0.07% 0.08% 0.05%

The City implemented the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 for the year ended December 31, 2018. Requirements have been implemented prospectively; therefore, the above illustrations do not reflect similar information for the proceeding years.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - there were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the local retiree life insurance fund.

Changes of assumptions:

In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%

Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%

Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%

Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%

Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and investments	\$ 18,248,528	\$ 40,074,583	\$ 58,323,111
Receivable			
Taxes	300,486	13,397,347	13,697,833
Accounts and other	893,360	291,723	1,185,083
Special assessments	498,863	-	498,863
Loan	2,821,819	1,167,304	3,989,123
Due from other governments	1,158,554	-	1,158,554
Inventories	257,139	-	257,139
Prepaids	575,794	30,200	605,994
Leases receivable Advances to other funds	2,768,819 127,802	216,462 20,000	2,985,281 147,802
Advances to other funds	127,002	20,000	147,002
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 27,651,164	\$ 55,197,619	\$ 82,848,783
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIADULTIES			
LIABILITIES	Ф 004.070	ф. 4.007.000	ф 0.400 г 07
Accounts payable	\$ 894,978	\$ 1,237,609	\$ 2,132,587
Accrued expenses	213,071		213,071
Payroll Interest	213,071	5,852	5,853
Due to other governments	698,365	306,150	1,004,515
Deposit payable	64,206	300,130	64,206
Unearned revenue - other	9,729,712	1,438,021	11,167,733
Advances from other funds	362,692	2,436,479	2,799,171
TOTAL LIABILITES	11,963,025	5,424,111	17,387,136
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - tax roll	86,936	13,397,347	13,484,283
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	472,928	-	472,928
Leases	2,680,967	211,538	2,892,505
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,240,831	13,608,885	16,849,716
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	960,735	50,200	1,010,935
Restricted	253,983	36,355,212	36,609,195
Committed	11,472,152	-	11,472,152
Unassigned	(239,562)	(240,789)	(480,351)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	12,447,308	36,164,623	48,611,931
TOTAL LIADILITIES DEFENDED INC. OF			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	\$ 27 CE4 4CA	¢ 55 407 640	¢ 92 040 702
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 27,651,164	\$ 55,197,619	\$ 82,848,783

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUE	Ф 007.000	Ф 44.7C0.444	ф 45 005 04 7
Taxes Special assessment	\$ 237,233 222,984	\$ 14,768,414	\$ 15,005,647 222,984
Intergovernmental	10,294,520	3,697,787	13,992,307
Licenses and permits	753,096	-	753,096
Fines, forfeits, and penalties	800,547	-	800,547
Public charges for services	7,431,676	19,861	7,451,537
Intergovernmental charges for services	475,236	-	475,236
Miscellaneous	2,004,206	1,269,688	3,273,894
Change in fair value of investments	45,000		45,000
TOTAL REVENUE	22,264,498	19,755,750	42,020,248
EXPENDITURES Current			
General government	3,054,431	504	3,054,935
Public safety	1,137,253	-	1,137,253
Public works	7,051,854	-	7,051,854
Health and human services	170,110	-	170,110
Culture, recreation, and education	7,239,703	-	7,239,703
Conservation and development	1,795,497	445,831	2,241,328
Debt service			
Principal	6,869	2,600,482	2,607,351
Interest	878	212,274	213,152
Capital outlay	2,192,360	33,323,515	35,515,875
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	22,648,955	36,582,606	59,231,561
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(384,457)	(16,826,856)	(17,211,313)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	912,846	11,524,212	12,437,058
Transfers (out)	(1,904,333)	(14,968,778)	(16,873,111)
Sale of capital assets	224,211	364,378	588,589
Lease proceeds	-	30,595	30,595
Issuance of long-term debt	(767,276)	18,907,261	18,907,261
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(767,276)	15,857,668	15,090,392
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(1,151,733)	(969,188)	(2,120,921)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED	13,319,692	37,133,811	50,453,503
CHANGE WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY	279,349		279,349
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	13,599,041	37,133,811	50,732,852
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,447,308	\$ 36,164,623	\$ 48,611,931

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOTAL

<u>ASSETS</u>	STATE GRANTS	FEDERAL GRANTS	LOCAL GRANTS	LIBRARY	LA CROSSE CENTER	TRANSIT	SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	SPECIAL ASSIGNED	ROOM TAX	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Cash and investments	\$ 307,704	\$ 6,349,894	\$ 145,930	\$ 2,094,685	\$ 224,929	\$ 116,653	\$ 367,350	\$ 6,234,116	\$ 2,407,267	\$ 18,248,528
Receivable										
Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,486	-	-	300,486
Accounts and other	1,954	14,530	50,000	-	191,375	106,715	900	527,886	-	893,360
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	498,863	-	-	498,863
Loan			-	-	-		-	2,821,819	-	2,821,819
Due from other governments	60,103	208,529	-	-	-	871,543	-	18,379	-	1,158,554
Inventories	-	-	-	-	27,349	229,790	-	70.505	-	257,139
Prepaids	355	-	-	-	493,906	3,028	-	78,505	-	575,794
Leases receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,768,819 127,802	-	2,768,819 127,802
Advances to other funds								127,002		127,002
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 370,116	\$ 6,572,953	\$ 195,930	\$ 2,094,685	\$ 937,559	\$ 1,327,729	\$ 1,167,599	\$ 12,577,326	\$ 2,407,267	\$ 27,651,164
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$ 41	\$ 541,055	\$ 600	\$ -	\$ 84,294	\$ 63,352	\$ 1,335	\$ 204,301	\$ -	\$ 894,978
Accrued expenses										
Payroll	-	6,925	-	-	60,823	145,323	-	-	-	213,071
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	678,481	-	19,884	-	698,365
Deposit payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,206	-	64,206
Unearned revenue - other	33,930	5,770,990	195,330	-	475,017	40,795	-	3,213,650	-	9,729,712
Advances from other funds						202,692		160,000		362,692
TOTAL LIABILITES	33,971	6,318,970	195,930		620,134	1,130,643	1,335	3,662,042		11,963,025
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - tax roll	-	-	-	-	-	-	86,936	-	-	86,936
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	472,928	-	-	472,928
Leases								2,680,967		2,680,967
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							559,864	2,680,967		3,240,831
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	355	_	_	-	521,255	232,818	_	206,307	_	960,735
Restricted	-	253,983	_	_	-	,5.0	_	,	_	253,983
Committed	335,790		-	2,094,685	_	_	606,400	6,028,010	2,407,267	11,472,152
Unassigned	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	(203,830)	(35,732)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(239,562)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	336,145	253,983		2,094,685	317,425	197,086	606,400	6,234,317	2,407,267	12,447,308
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 370,116</u>	\$ 6,572,953	\$ 195,930	\$ 2,094,685	\$ 937,559	\$ 1,327,729	\$ 1,167,599	\$ 12,577,326	\$ 2,407,267	\$ 27,651,164

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSINCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOTAL

	STATE GRANTS	FEDERAL GRANTS	LOCAL GRANTS	LIBRARY	LA CROSSE CENTER	TRANSIT	SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	SPECIAL ASSIGNED	ROOM TAX	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
REVENUE										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,233	\$ 237,233
Special assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	222,984	-	-	222,984
Intergovernmental	473,914	4,100,542	287,969	14,600	-	5,318,634	-	98,861	-	10,294,520
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	753,096	-	753,096
Fines, forfeits, and penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800,547	-	800,547
Public charges for services	-	-	-	-	4,927,622	472,578	-	1,999,585	31,891	7,431,676
Intergovernmental charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	359,869	-	115,367	-	475,236
Miscellaneous	213,524	165,102	-	330,057	34,160	239,062	23,322	901,507	97,472	2,004,206
Change in fair value of investments	-		-	45,000			-		-	45,000
TOTAL REVENUE	687,438	4,265,644	287,969	389,657	4,961,782	6,390,143	246,306	4,668,963	366,596	22,264,498
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government	_	2,678,899	750	_	_	_	1.478	373.304	_	3.054.431
Public safety	345,254	489,996	-	_	_	_	, <u>-</u>	302,003	_	1,137,253
Public works	-	-	_	_	_	6,988,198	63,656	-	_	7,051,854
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,110	-	170,110
Culture, recreation, and education	3,623	-	12,579	276,571	4,841,245	-	-	2,105,685	-	7,239,703
Conservation and development	202,568	-	218,524	· -	· · ·	-	-	1,374,405	-	1,795,497
Debt service	•		•					, ,		
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	6,015	-	854	-	6,869
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	878	-	-	-	878
Capital outlay	136,770	1,122,115	56,116	103,292	4,601	42,655	66,057	660,754	-	2,192,360
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	688,215	4,291,010	287,969	379,863	4,845,846	7,037,746	131,191	4,987,115		22,648,955
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(777)	(25,366)		9,794	115,936	(647,603)	115,115	(318,152)	366,596	(384,457)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	800,925	47,492	64.429	_	912.846
Transfers (out)	_	_	_	_	(115,937)	(55,000)	-17,102	(1,342,295)	(391,101)	(1,904,333)
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	(, ,	(00,000)	-	224,211	-	224,211
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					(115,937)	745,925	47,492	(1,053,655)	(391,101)	(767,276)
EVOCAD OF DEVENUE AND OTHER COURSES OVER										
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER	(777)	(25,366)		9,794	(1)	98,322	162,607	(1,371,807)	(24,505)	(1,151,733)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(777)	(25,300)		9,794	(1)	98,322	162,607	(1,371,807)	(24,505)	(1,151,733)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED	336,922	-	_	2,084,891	317,426	98,764	443,793	7,606,124	2,431,772	13,319,692
CHANGE WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY	· -	279,349	-	-	-	-	-	· · ·	· · ·	279,349
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	336,922	279,349		2,084,891	317,426	98,764	443,793	7,606,124	2,431,772	13,599,041
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 336,145	\$ 253,983	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,094,685	\$ 317,425	\$ 197,086	\$ 606,400	\$ 6,234,317	\$ 2,407,267	\$ 12,447,308

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

ASSETS	CAPITAL PROJECTS	CAPITAL BONDS	CAPITAL NOTES	TIF 10	TIF 11	TIF 12	TIF 13	TIF 14	TIF 15	TIF 16	TIF 17
Cash and investments	\$ 189,245	\$ 2,487,441	\$ 14,150,369	\$ 166,933	\$ 3,787,102	\$ 19,028	\$ 7,237,967	\$ 985,366	\$ 521,124	\$ 133,731	\$ 1,588,608
Receivable											
Taxes	-	-	-	315,721	4,330,124	591,723	2,742,415	1,602,358	1,238,741	742,759	1,749,466
Accounts and other	-	-	-	-	16,261	-	6,182	22,635	27,665	-	-
Loan Prepaids	-	-	12,000	-	67,392 200	-	37,607	235,650 18,000	276,655	-	-
Leases receivable	-	-	12,000	-	200	-	216,462	10,000	-	-	-
Advances to other funds		-	-	-	20,000	-	210,402	-		-	_
Advances to other funds											
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 189,245	\$ 2,487,441	\$ 14,162,369	\$ 482,654	\$ 8,221,079	\$ 610,751	\$ 10,240,633	\$ 2,864,009	\$ 2,064,185	\$ 876,490	\$ 3,338,074
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES. AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$ 109.914	\$ 24.734	\$ 653,414	\$ 952	\$ 73,501	\$ -	\$ 76.649	\$ 36,000	\$ 15.722	\$ -	\$ 9,440
Accrued expenses	*,		•,	*	*,	•	*,	7,	•,.==	•	7 7,
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue - other	-	-	-	-	74,131	-	41,368	258,285	304,320	-	-
Advances from other funds				202,364	2,000,000	214,115					
TOTAL LIABILITES	109,914	24,734	653,414	203,316	2,147,632	214,115	118,017	294,285	320,042		9,440
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue - tax roll	-	-	-	315,721	4,330,124	591,723	2,742,415	1,602,358	1,238,741	742,759	1,749,466
Leases							211,538				
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				315,721	4,330,124	591,723	2,953,953	1,602,358	1,238,741	742,759	1,749,466
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable	-	-	12,000	-	20,200	-	-	18,000	-	-	-
Restricted	79,331	2,462,707	13,496,955	-	1,723,123	-	7,168,663	949,366	505,402	133,731	1,579,168
Unassigned				(36,383)		(195,087)					
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	79,331	2,462,707	13,508,955	(36,383)	1,743,323	(195,087)	7,168,663	967,366	505,402	133,731	1,579,168
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF											
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 189,245</u>	\$ 2,487,441	\$ 14,162,369	\$ 482,654	\$ 8,221,079	<u>\$ 610,751</u>	\$ 10,240,633	\$ 2,864,009	\$ 2,064,185	\$ 876,490	\$ 3,338,074

(Continued on page 80)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - Continued DECEMBER 31, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>		TIF 18		TIF 19		TIF 20		TIF 21		CAPITAL QUIPMENT	LA	LDINGS AND ND CAPITAL PROJECTS		OODPLAIN ONTROL	H0	DUSING		ARKS AND CREATION	ROADWAY AND INFRA- STRUCTURE	TOTAL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
Cash and investments	\$	83,611	\$	8,438	\$	21,214	\$	8,247	\$	818,070	\$	1,541,046	\$	42,035	\$	216	\$	818,545	\$ 5,466,247	\$ 40,074,583
Receivable																				
Taxes		83,681		-		359		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	13,397,347
Accounts and other		209,917 550,000		-		-		-		9,063		-		-		-		-	-	291,723 1,167,304
Loan Prepaids		550,000																	-	30,200
Leases receivable		_		_		-		_				_		_		_		_	_	216,462
Advances to other funds								_				-				_		_		20,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	927,209	\$	8,438	\$	21,573	\$	8,247	\$	827,133	\$	1,541,046	\$	42,035	\$	216	\$	818,545	\$ 5,466,247	\$ 55,197,619
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																				
LIABILITIES																				
Accounts payable	\$	89,615	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,521	\$	32,209	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,204	\$ 37,734	\$ 1,237,609
Accrued expenses																				
Interest		-		-		-		-		5,852		-		-		-		-	-	5,852
Due to other governments Unearned revenue - other		- 759,917		-		-		-		306,150		-		-		-		-	-	306,150 1,438,021
Advances from other funds		139,917		10,000		-		10,000		-		-		-		-			-	2,436,479
TOTAL LIABILITES		849,532		10,000		-		10,000	_	313,523		32,209		_		-		76,204	37,734	5,424,111
																			<u> </u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		00.004				050														40.007.047
Unavailable revenue - tax roll Unavailable revenue - special assessments		83,681		-		359		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	13,397,347 211,538
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		83,681				359	_		-				-							13,608,885
						_		_												
FUND BALANCES																				
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		4 500 007		40.005		- 040		740.044		50,200
Restricted Unassigned		(6,004)		(1,562)		21,214		(1,753)		513,610		1,508,837		42,035		216		742,341	5,428,513	36,355,212 (240,789)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	(6,004)	_	(1,562)	_	21,214	_	(1,753)	_	513,610	_	1,508,837	_	42,035	_	216	_	742,341	5,428,513	36,164,623
		,																		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	927,209	e	8,438	\$	21,573	\$	8,247	•	827,133	s	1,541,046	e	42,035	e	216	\$	818,545	\$ 5,466,247	\$ 55,197,619
KESOUKCES AND FUND BALANCES	φ	321,209	φ	0,430	φ	21,513	Ф	0,247	Ą	021,133	φ	1,341,046	Ф	42,033	Ψ	210	-	010,040	φ 5,400,24 <i>1</i>	φ 00,181,019

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	CAPITAL PROJECTS	CAPITAL BONDS	CAPITAL NOTES	TIF 10	TIF 11	TIF 12	TIF 13	TIF 14	TIF 15	TIF 16	TIF 17
REVENUE											
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,641	\$ 4,709,693	\$ 584,605	\$ 3,321,676	\$ 1,748,649	\$ 1,242,969	\$ 789,594	\$ 2,121,704
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	4,956	495,845	9,488	208,099	733,821	77,240	2,102	17,393
Public charges for services	-	-	-		· -		· -		19,861		
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		9,619	232,777	8,120	331,410	118,285	71,424	27,859	113,496
TOTAL REVENUE				252,216	5,438,315	602,213	3,861,185	2,600,755	1,411,494	819,555	2,252,593
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation and development	-	-	130,055	26,268	31,635	26,685	29,991	27,799	27,475	26,931	28,529
Debt service											
Principal	-	-	208,118	-	-	54,839	2,105,000	-	-	98,143	119,805
Interest	-	-	-	10,570	104,467	27,358	53,466	-	-	3,435	6,082
Capital outlay	947,715	6,142,547	6,910,150	193,725	811,906	786	330,711	928,309	584,852	248,858	23,309
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	947,715	6,142,547	7,248,323	230,563	948,008	109,668	2,519,168	956,108	612,327	377,367	177,725
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER											
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(947,715)	(6,142,547)	(7,248,323)	21,653	4,490,307	492,545	1,342,017	1,644,647	799,167	442,188	2,074,868
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(47,492)	-	-	-	(3,482,006)	(305,000)	(3,007,200)	(3,233,272)	(1,520,000)	(500,000)	(2,078,031)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt			18,100,647								
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(47,492)		18,100,647		(3,482,006)	(305,000)	(3,007,200)	(3,233,272)	(1,520,000)	(500,000)	(2,078,031)
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND											
OTHER USES	(995,207)	(6,142,547)	10,852,324	21,653	1,008,301	187,545	(1,665,183)	(1,588,625)	(720,833)	(57,812)	(3,163)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED	1,074,538	8,605,254	2,656,631	(58,036)	735,022	(382,632)	8,833,846	2,555,991	1,226,235	191,543	1,582,331
CHANGE WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY										_	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	1,074,538	8,605,254	2,656,631	(58,036)	735,022	(382,632)	8,833,846	2,555,991	1,226,235	191,543	1,582,331
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 79,331	\$ 2,462,707	\$ 13,508,955	\$ (36,383)	\$ 1,743,323	\$ (195,087)	\$ 7,168,663	\$ 967,366	\$ 505,402	\$ 133,731	\$ 1,579,168

(Continued on page 82)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - Continued YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

REVENUE	TIF 18	TIF 19	TIF 20	TIF 21	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT	BUILDINGS AND LAND CAPITAL PROJECTS	FLOODPLAIN CONTROL	HOUSING	PARKS AND RECREATION	ROADWAY AND INFRA- STRUCTURE	TOTAL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
Taxes	\$ 11.883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,768,414
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	50,108	553,266	-	-	-	1,545,469	3.697.787
Public charges for services	-	-		_	-	-	-	-		-	19,861
Miscellaneous	3,192	258	1,151	253	42,703	60,505	1,602	9	42,858	204,167	1,269,688
TOTAL REVENUE	15,075	258	1,151	253	92,811	613,771	1,602	9	42,858	1,749,636	19,755,750
EXPENDITURES Current General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	504	504
Conservation and development	80,497	483	9,483	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445,831
Debt service											
Principal	-	-	-	-	14,577	=	-	-	-	-	2,600,482
Interest	-	522	-	522	5,852	- 440 470	-	-	-	- 477.504	212,274
Capital outlay	10,651,022	4.005	9.483	1,006	1,679,711	2,146,473			245,453 245,453	1,477,504 1,478,008	33,323,515
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,731,519	1,005	9,483	1,006	1,700,140	2,140,473			245,453	1,478,008	36,582,606
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,716,444)	(747)	(8,332)	(753)	(1,607,329)	(1,532,702)	1,602	9	(202,595)	271,628	(16,826,856)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	10,690,473	-		_	49,000	548,739	-	-		236,000	11,524,212
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	(86,232)	(236,000)	-	-	(237,545)	(236,000)	(14,968,778)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	364,378	-	-	-	-	-	364,378
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	30,595	-	-	-	-	-	30,595
Issuance of long-term debt					806,614						18,907,261
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	10,690,473				1,164,355	312,739			(237,545)		15,857,668
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(25,971)	(747)	(8,332)	(753)	(442,974)	(1,219,963)	1,602	9	(440,140)	271,628	(969,188)
EX ENDITORED AND OTHER GOLD	(20,011)		(0,002)	(.00)	(2,014)	(1,210,500)	.,502		(1.10,140)	2,020	(000,100)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	19,967	(815)	29,546	(1,000)	956,584	2,728,800	40,433	207	1,182,481	5,156,885	37,133,811
CHANGE WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY								<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	19,967	(815)	29,546	(1,000)	956,584	2,728,800	40,433	207	1,182,481	5,156,885	37,133,811
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (6,004)	\$ (1,562)	\$ 21,214	\$ (1,753)	\$ 513,610	\$ 1,508,837	\$ 42,035	\$ 216	\$ 742,341	\$ 5,428,513	\$ 36,164,623

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>	STOCK ROOM	SE	LF INSURED HEALTH	125 FLEX PENDING	IABILITY CLAIMS		WORKER'S MPENSATION	MAN	FUEL NAGEMENT		AYROLL ABILITIES	TOTALS
CURRENT ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	9,889,379	\$ 706,684	\$ 37,186	\$	2,122,990	\$	770,420	\$	154,822	\$ 13,681,481
Accounts receivable Customer			44 101	14,685					5,050		765,975	829,811
Due from other governments	_		44,101	14,000	_		-		5,050		10,669	10,669
Inventories	134,549		_	_	_		_		67,662		10,003	202,211
Prepaids	-		13,749	-	-		-		-		12,729	26,478
RESTRICTED ASSETS												
Cash	-		-	-	-		47,012		-		-	47,012
NONCURRENT ASSETS												
Advances to other funds	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	 	_	150,000				<u> </u>	150,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 134,549	\$	9,947,229	\$ 721,369	\$ 37,186	\$	2,320,002	\$	843,132	\$	944,195	\$ 14,947,662
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION												
LIABILITIES												
CURRENT LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	5,130,580	\$ -	\$ 320,050	\$	739,165	\$	40,728	\$	213,738	\$ 6,444,261
Payroll	-		26,362	-	-		-		-			26,362
Other	-		-	-	-		-		-		730,457	730,457
Due to other funds Unearned revenue - other	32,864		-	-	-		-		-		-	32,864
Offeamed revenue - other	-		44,309	-	-		-		-		-	44,309
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES												
Advances from other funds	 	_		 	 150,000				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	150,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 32,864	_	5,201,251	 	 470,050	_	739,165		40,728		944,195	7,428,253
NET POSITION												
Restricted for other					-		47,012				-	47,012
Unrestricted	 101,685		4,745,978	 721,369	 (432,864)		1,533,825		802,404		<u>-</u>	7,472,397
TOTAL NET POSITION	 101,685		4,745,978	 721,369	 (432,864)	_	1,580,837		802,404	-	<u> </u>	7,519,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 134,549	\$	9,947,229	\$ 721,369	\$ 37,186	\$	2,320,002	\$	843,132	\$	944,195	\$ 14,947,662

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	STOCK ROOM	SELF INSURED HEALTH	S125 FLEX SPENDING	LIABILITY CLAIMS	WORKER'S COMPENSATION	FUEL MANAGEMENT	TOTALS	
OPERATING REVENUE								
Interdepartmental sales	\$ 185,335	\$ 12,094,864	\$ 486,967	\$ 143,875	\$ 465,716	\$ 1,057,653	\$ 14,434,410	
Other revenue	21	786,119	29,676	363,584	291,239	-	1,470,639	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	185,356	12,880,983	516,643	507,459	756,955	1,057,653	15,905,049	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Plant and maintenance expenses:								
Salaries and wages	-	200,979	477,885	-	259,721	-	938,585	
Supplies and expenses		3,745				1,044,091	1,047,836	
TOTAL PLANT AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	-	204,724	477,885	<u>-</u>	259,721	1,044,091	1,986,421	
GENERAL EXPENSES								
Office supplies and other expenses	187,674	2,596	-	-	-	-	190,270	
Outside services employed	-	55,535	-	-	-	4,590	60,125	
Insurance expense	-	2,226,438	-	372,632	3,733	-	2,602,803	
Employee benefits		14,485,076					14,485,076	
TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES	187,674	16,769,645	-	372,632	3,733	4,590	17,338,274	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	187,674	16,974,369	477,885	372,632	263,454	1,048,681	19,324,695	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,318)	(4,093,386)	38,758	134,827	493,501	8,972	(3,419,646)	
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)								
Interest income		455,726	25,343			26,576	507,645	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,318)	(3,637,660)	64,101	134,827	493,501	35,548	(2,912,001)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	104,003	8,383,638	657,268	(567,691)	1,087,336	766,856	10,431,410	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 101,685	\$ 4,745,978	\$ 721,369	\$ (432,864)	\$ 1,580,837	\$ 802,404	\$ 7,519,409	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	STOCK	SELF INSURED	S125 FLEX	LIABILITY	WORKER'S	FUEL	PAYROLL	TOTAL 0
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ROOM	HEALTH	SPENDING	CLAIMS	COMPENSATION	MANAGEMENT	LIABILITIES	TOTALS
Receipts from customers	\$ 21	\$ 761,385	\$ 28,196	\$ 363,584	\$ 291,239	\$ (3,879)	\$ -	\$ 1,440,546
Receipts from (payments to) municipality	226,546	12,094,864	486,967	143,875	465,716	1,057,653	(93)	14,475,528
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(240,814)	(2,202,055)	400,307	(672,169)	(330,068)	(1,050,272)	(93)	(4,495,378)
Payments for employees wages and benefits	(240,614)	(14,659,693)	(477,885)	(072,109)	(259,721)	(1,030,272)	-	(15,397,299)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(14,247)	(4,005,499)	37,278	(164,710)	167,166	3,502	(93)	(3,976,603)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(17,271)	(4,000,400)	51,210	(104,710)	107,100	0,002	(33)	(0,570,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Advances from other funds, net				150,000				150,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		455,726	25,343			26,576		507,645
Advance to other funds, net	_	455,720	25,545		(150,000)	20,570	-	(150,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		455,726	25,343		(150,000)	26,576		357,645
Net cash provided by (used iii) investing activities		400,720	20,040		(100,000)	20,570		007,040
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(14,247)	(3,549,773)	62,621	(14,710)	17,166	30,078	(93)	(3,468,958)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	14,247	13,439,152	644,063	51,896	2,152,836	740,342	154,915	17,197,451
5.6.7.11.5 6.16.7 226.7.221.16 526.11.11.16 67 7.2.11.								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	<u> </u>	\$ 9,889,379	\$ 706,684	\$ 37,186	\$ 2,170,002	\$ 770,420	\$ 154,822	\$ 13,728,493
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY								
(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,318)	\$ (4,093,386)	\$ 38,758	\$ 134,827	\$ 493,501	\$ 8,972	\$ -	\$ (3,419,646)
Changes in assets and liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	-	.	, (2)
Decrease (increase) in receivables - customers	_	(24,734)	(1,480)	_	_	(3,879)	(361,638)	(391,731)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	_	(= :,: = :)	(1,125)	_	_	(=,=:=)	(10,669)	(10,669)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(44,436)	_	_	_	_	(22,515)	-	(66,951)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(, ,	(13,708)	_	_	_	(==,0.0)	(671)	(14,379)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(357)	99,967	_	(299,537)	(326,335)	20,924	18,426	(486,912)
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable	-	26,362	_	(===,===,	(,,	,	-	26,362
Increase (increase) in other accrued expenses	-		_	_	_	_	354,459	354,459
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	32,864	-	-	-	-	_	-	32,864
Total adjustments	(11,929)	87,887	(1,480)	(299,537)	(326,335)	(5,470)	(93)	(556,957)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (14,247)	\$ (4,005,499)	\$ 37,278	\$ (164,710)	\$ 167,166	\$ 3,502	\$ (93)	\$ (3,976,603)
HET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>	* (4,000,499)	ψ 01,210	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	y 0,002	* (33)	<u> </u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR								
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 9,889,379	\$ 706,684	\$ 37,186	\$ 2,122,990	\$ 770,420	\$ 154,822	\$ 13,681,481
Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$ - -	\$ 9,889,379 - \$ 9,889,379	\$ 706,684 - \$ 706,684	\$ 37,186 - \$ 37,186	\$ 2,122,990 47,012 \$ 2,170,002	\$ 770,420 - \$ 770,420	\$ 154,822 - \$ 154,822	\$ 13,681,481 47,012 \$ 13,728,493

CITY OF LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN OTHER REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Common Council City of La Crosse, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Crosse (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weakness. Therefore, material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

La Crosse, Wisconsin

Hawkies Ash CPAS, LLP

July 31, 2025